



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 JUNE 2015

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

GENERAL INFORMATION

NATURE OF BUSINESS

Overberg Municipality is a district municipality performing the functions as set out in the Constitution, 1996.

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN AND LEGAL FORM

South African Category C Municipality (District Municipality) as defined by the Municipal Structures Act, 1998. (Act no 117 of 1998)

JURISDICTION

The Overberg Municipality includes the following areas:

Cape Agulhas Overstrand Swellendam Theewaterskloof

MUNICIPAL MANAGER

D P BERETTI

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

J C P TESSELAAR

REGISTERED OFFICE

26 Long Street, Bredasdorp, 7280

AUDITORS

Auditor General South Africa (AGSA)

PRINCIPLE BANKERS

Absa Bank

RELEVANT LEGISLATION

Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003. (Act no 56 of 2003) Division of Revenue Act The Income Tax Act Value Added Tax Act Municipal Structures Act, 1998. (Act no 117 of 1998) Municipal Systems Act, 2000. (Act no 32 of 2000) Municipal Planning and Performance Management Regulations Water Services Act, 1997. (Act no 108 of 1997) Housing Act, 1997. (Act no 107 of 1997) Municipal Property Rates Act, 2004. (Act no 6 of 2004) Electricity Act, 1987. (Act no 41 of 1987) Skills Development Levies Act, 1999. (Act no 9 of 1999) Employment Equity Act, 1998. (Act no 55 of 1998) Unemployment Insurance Act, 1966. (Act no 30 of 1966) Basic Conditions of Employment Act, 1997. (Act no 75 of 1997) Supply Chain Management Regulations, 2005 **Collective Agreements** Infrastructure Grants SALGBC Leave Regulations

MEMBERS OF THE OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

COUNCILLORS

Theewaterskloof Overstrand Cape Agulhas Overstrand Theewaterskloof Overstrand Theewaterskloof Cape Agulhas Theewaterskloof Theewaterskloof Overstrand Swellendam Proportional Proportional Proportional Proportional Proportional Proportional Proportional Proportional Proportional

CD November NM Sapepa PN Atyhosi PJ May UT Sipunzi WE Nell IM Sileku JG Nieuwoudt KJ Tiemie ML Hector A Coetsee J Du Toit Loubser AJ Appel SS Tebele J Gelderblom L De Bruvn A Franken D Oosthuizen D Du Toit J Kriel DC Ruiters

APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

I am responsible for the preparation of these annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015, which are set out on pages 1 to 87 in terms of Section 126 (1) of the Municipal Finance Management Act and which I have signed on behalf of the Municipality. The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GRAP.

I acknowledge that I am ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial control and that the system of internal control provides reasonable assurance that the financial records can be relied upon.

I have reviewed the Municipality's cash flow forecast for the year to 30 June 2016 and am satisfied that the Municipality can continue its operational existence for the foreseeable future.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the Municipality's financial statements.

I certify that the remuneration of Councillors and in-kind benefits are within the upper limits of the framework envisaged in Section 219 of the Constitution, read with the Remuneration of Public Officer Bearers Act and the Minister of Provincial and Local Government's determination in accordance with this Act.

D P BERETTI Municipal Manager

7.8.2015

Date

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

	Notes	2015 (Actual) R	2014 (Restated) R
NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
Net Assets		10 437 050	5 586 973
Accumulated Surplus		10 437 050	5 586 973
Non-Current Liabilities		77 442 741	63 972 471
Long-term Liabilities Employee benefits Non-Current Provisions	2 3 4	666 124 58 344 968 18 431 649	1 478 990 54 654 766 7 838 715
Current Liabilities		16 195 045	19 444 117
Consumer Deposits Current Employee benefits Payables from exchange transactions Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities	5 6 7 8 2	11 820 8 739 707 2 378 785 4 250 961 813 772	11 820 8 005 540 2 379 592 8 264 401 782 765
Total Net Assets and Liabilities		104 074 836	89 003 561
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets		51 251 037	42 460 440
Property, Plant and Equipment Investment Property Intangible Assets Capitalised Restoration Cost	10 11 12 13	39 696 099 111 000 314 158 11 129 780	40 483 393 111 000 274 895 1 591 152
Current Assets		52 823 800	46 543 122
Inventory Receivables from exchange transactions Receivables from non-exchange transactions Unpaid Conditional Government Grants and Receipts Taxes Cash and Cash Equivalents	14 15 16 8 9.3 17	929 573 35 756 078 1 477 019 - 301 879 14 359 250	1 039 175 28 934 004 1 610 441 50 701 199 251 14 709 550
Total Assets		104 074 836	89 003 561

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Notes	2015 (Actual) R	2014 (Restated) R
REVENUE			
Revenue from Non-exchange Transactions		55 462 827	51 704 341
Transfer Revenue		55 223 408	51 684 165
Government Grants and Subsidies Public Contributions and Donations	18	55 198 408 25 000	51 684 165 -
Other Revenue		239 418	20 176
Actuarial Gains Reversal Debt Impairments Impairments Recovered	3 25 27	182 075 46 642 10 701	16 421 - 3 755
Revenue from Exchange Transactions		79 416 172	69 091 288
Government Grants and Subsidies Service Charges Rental of Facilities and Equipment Interest Earned - external investments Interest Earned - outstanding debtors Interest Earned - other Licences and Permits Agency Services Other Income Gain on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	18 19 21 22 20 10	53 036 166 658 048 11 498 416 1 677 642 4 244 35 000 116 416 4 798 966 7 591 275	50 621 904 645 663 10 718 124 1 290 199 4 780 - 75 938 4 489 097 838 102 407 482
Total Revenue		134 878 998	120 795 630
Employee related costs Employee related costs (Roads) Remuneration of Councillors Debt Impairment Depreciation and Amortisation Impairments Repairs and Maintenance Actuarial losses Finance Charges Contracted services Grants and Subsidies Stock Adjustments General Expenses Loss on disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment Total Expenditure	23 21 24 25 26 27 28 3 29 30 31 10	62 090 292 14 630 955 4 995 864 74 806 2 348 990 - 13 052 388 211 455 5 949 599 537 682 5 000 214 454 25 636 174 281 263 130 028 921	54 700 922 13 512 802 5 144 455 330 327 2 144 288 - 13 449 873 476 288 5 157 305 125 583 26 939 169 510 184 122 548 578
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR		4 850 077	(1 752 948)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

	Accumulated Surplus	Total
	R	R
Balance at 1 JULY 2013 Correction of error - Refer to note 33.06	(21 216 602) 28 556 523	(21 216 602) 28 556 523
Restated balance on 1 JULY 2013 Net Deficit for the year	7 339 922 (1 752 948)	7 339 922 (1 752 948)
Balance at 30 JUNE 2014	5 586 973	5 586 973
Net Surplus for the year	4 850 077	4 850 077
Balance at 30 JUNE 2015	10 437 050	10 437 050

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Notes	30 JUNE 2015 (Actual) R	30 JUNE 2014 (Restated) R
Receipts			
Ratepayers and other Government Interest		17 484 698 104 666 514 1 716 886	16 163 275 99 574 466 1 294 979
Payments			
Suppliers and employees Finance charges Transfers and Grants	29 30	(121 536 771) (149 869) (5 000)	(113 562 568) (233 295) -
Cash generated by operations	34	2 176 458	3 236 857
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment Proceeds on Disposal of Fixed Assets	10	(1 646 184) -	(2 119 367) 2 131 736
Purchase of Intangible Assets		(98 715)	-
Net Cash generated by/(from) Investing Activities		(1 744 899)	12 369
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loans repaid Decrease in Consumer Deposits		(781 858) -	(1 021 134) (5 770)
Net Cash from Financing Activities		(781 858)	(1 026 904)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(350 300)	2 222 322
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	17	14 709 550 14 359 250	12 487 228 14 709 550
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(350 300)	2 222 322

OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

	2015 R Actual	2015 R Final Budget	2015 R Variance	Explanations for material variances
ASSETS		Ū.		•
Current assets				
Cash	2 549 064	4 555 111	(2 006 047)	Cash being invested higher than anticipated Unspent roll over grants and additional funding for the roads
Call investment deposits	11 810 186	-	11 810 186	function Rehabilitation of tip site to be recovered from Overstrand
Consumer debtors	35 756 078	1 842 004	33 914 074	Municipality
Other Receivables	1 778 898	-	1 778 898	
Inventory	929 573	1 039 175	(109 602)	Stock adjustments
Total current assets	52 823 800	7 436 290	45 387 509	
Non current assets				
Investment property	111 000	111 000	-	
Property, plant and equipment	50 825 879	41 523 184	9 302 695	Additions to capitalised restoration costs
Intangible Assets	314 158	274 895	39 263	Purchases more than anticipated
Total non current assets	51 251 037	41 909 079	9 341 958	
TOTAL ASSETS	104 074 836	49 345 369	54 729 467	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities				
Borrowing	813 772	648 469	165 303	Not material
Consumer deposits	11 820	11 820	-	
Too da la sud adhaa a such la s	0.000 745	0.070.004	4 959 954	Unspent roll over grants and additional funding for the roads
Trade and other payables Provisions and Employee Benefits	6 629 745 8 739 707	2 270 094 9 395 715	4 359 651 (656 008)	function Actuarial calculations
			. ,	Actualiar calculations
Total current liabilities	16 195 045	12 326 098	3 868 947	
Non current liabilities				
Borrowing	666 124	957 435	(291 311)	No increase in financial leased assets liabilities
Provisions and Employee Benefits	76 776 617	62 493 482	14 283 135	Additions to the provision for rehabilitation of the tip site
Total non current liabilities	77 442 741	63 450 917	13 991 824	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	93 637 786	75 777 015	17 860 771	
NET ASSETS	10 437 050	(26 431 646)	36 868 697	
COMMUNITY WEALTH				
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	10 437 050	(26 431 646)	36 868 697	
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	10 437 050	(26 431 646)	36 868 697	

OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2015

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2015 R	2015 R	2015 R	
	Approved Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Explanations for material adjustments
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash	3 608 770	946 341	4 555 111	Improved financial position
Consumer debtors	439 560	1 402 444	1 842 004	Increase in debtors
Other Receivables	2 008 363	(2 008 363)	-	
Inventory	2 968 461	(1 929 286)	1 039 175	Changes to GRAP 100 in respect of Assets held for sale
Total current assets	9 025 154	(1 588 864)	7 436 290	
Non current assets				
Investment property		111 000	111 000	Transfer from PPE to Investment Property not provided for in approved budget
Property, plant and equipment	42 372 294	(849 111)	41 523 184	Not material
r toperty, plant and equipment	42 572 234	(040 111)	41 020 104	Amortisation on Intangible Assets not provided for in approved
Intangible Assets	306 581	(31 686)	274 895	budget
Total non current assets	42 678 875	(769 796)	41 909 079	
TOTAL ASSETS	51 704 030	(2 358 661)	49 345 369	
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Borrowing	811 916	(163 447)	648 469	No increase in financial leased assets liabilities
Consumer deposits	17 590	(5 770)	11 820	No new tenants at Dennehof
Trade and other payables	2 692 975	(422 881)	2 270 094	Decrease due to timeous receival of invoices
Provisions and Employee Benefits	7 335 489	2 060 226	9 395 715	Actuarial calculations
Total current liabilities	10 857 970	1 468 128	12 326 098	
Non current liabilities				
Borrowing	665 807	291 628	957 435	Budgeted for additional leased assets
Provisions and Employee Benefits	68 365 780	(5 872 298)	62 493 482	Actuarial calculations
Total non current liabilities	69 031 587	(5 580 670)	63 450 917	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	79 889 557	(4 112 542)	75 777 015	
NET ASSETS	(28 185 528)	1 753 881	(26 431 646)	
COMMUNITY WEALTH				
Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit)	(28 185 528)	1 753 881	(26 431 646)	Improvement due to improved financial management
TOTAL COMMUNITY WEALTH/EQUITY	(28 185 528)	1 753 881	(26 431 646)	

OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

REVENUE BY SOURCENumber of the second of the budgetNumber of the budgetPublic Contributions and Donations25 000-25 000Service charges658 048648 1309 918Rental of failines and equipment11 498 41111 16 192 338 498Not materialInterest semed - outernal investments1677 6421000 000677 642AntropelaInterest semed - outernal investments1677 6421000 000677 642AntropelaMetal of the budget72 000118 0055Mod materialNot materialRestal of fails100 000677 642Mode yrecovered for in budgetRestal of the budget12 000118 0055Mode yrecovered for in budgetRestal of the budget100 010-100 011Interest semeAgency services4 798 6664 109 96187 970Morey recovered for anticipatedCovernment Carlins and Subsidies - Operating108 245 77106 049 7012 148 473Other revenue759 127586 4756 632 800Additional funding received in respect of roadsGains on dipsoal of PPE-6 027 117 7329 699 246Charge in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyCall Operating Revenue134 878 9901 25 179 7329 699 246Charge in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyCall Operating Revenue134 878 9901 195 1700307 230Charge in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyCall Operating Revenue134 878 9901 195 1700307 230Charge in disclosure of roads salar		2015 R Actual	2015 R Final Budget	2015 R Variance	Explanations for material variances
Service charges655 048648 1309 918Rental of facilities and equipment11 498 41611 161 920336 496Interest earned - external investments1 677 6421000 000677 642Interest earned - other35 000-35 000Actuarial Gains18 2075-18 2075Reversal Debt Impairments46 642-46 642Indicated Gains110 11 41649 00067 416Agency services4 798 9664 610 996187 970Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 574106 049 7012 184 873Other revenue7 591 2759 698 246EXPENDTURE BY TYPEEmployee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Ober revision & 498 898195 1760397 230Debt Impairment2 44 95914 53 805 84 219Stock Adjustments2 14 454-2 14 454Corrected services5 94 959145 3805 84 219Stock Adjustments2 14 254-2 14 254Debt Impairment2 48 950195 1760397 230Debt Impairment2 34 9299145 3805 84 219Stock Adjustments2 12 823-2 12 823Debt Impairment2 12 823-2 12 8	REVENUE BY SOURCE				
Rental of facilities and equipment11 498 41611 161 220336 496Not material Funds available for investments higher than anticipatedInterest earned - outstanding debtors1 277 6421000 000677 642Not materialInterest earned - other3 5000-35 000Not provided for in budgetActuardi Gains182 075-182 075Not provided for in budgetReversal Debt Impaiments46 642-46 642More y recovered not anticipatedIncrease and permits11 64 1649 00067 416More y recovered not anticipatedAgency services4 768 6664 610 996187 970Additional funding received in respect of roads functionGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 574106 049 7012 184 873Tip enablitation costs recoverable from Tip sile rebuiltation costs recoverable from to additional funding received in respect of roads functionGains on disposal of PPE-6 697 430697 430)Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as PPE5 308 16613 339 841 5 308 165Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as frager sand maintenance Not materialDebt Impairment74 806-74 806Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as WP now depreciation disclosed as WP now depreciation for the salesSig 107 80 836107 80 836Debt Impairment248 690195 1760397 230Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as WP now depreciation dinterest					Tip site costs recovered from Overstrand
Interest earned - oxternal investments1677 6421000 000677 642Funds available for investments higher than atticipatedInterest earned - oxternal investments4 2444 100144Not materialActuarial Gains182 075182 075Not provided for in budgetActuarial Gains182 075182 075Not provided for in budgetReversal Debt Impairments16 6424 66 642Money recovered not anticipatedImpairments Recovered10 70110 701Money recovered not anticipatedAgency services4 798 9664 610 996187 970Money recovered not anticipatedGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 574106 049 7012 184 873Additional functionOther revenue7 591 275958 4756 6 32 800Additional functionNot provided for in respect of roadsGains on disposal of PPE6 897 430(697 430)Seling of property delayed due to objection from to call materialDebt impairment7 4 8067 74 106397 230Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repaire and maintenanceDebt impairment2 484 990195 1760397 230Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repaire and maintenanceFinance charges5 94 569145 3805 604 219Not material Calculation for provision of debt impairment alleredDebt impairment2 489 900195 1760397 230Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairedFinance charges </td <td>÷</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	÷				
Interest earned - outbanding deblors4 2444 100144Not matrialInterest earned - outbanding deblors3 500-3 5000Not provided for in budgetActualal Gains112 075-118 2075Not provided for in budgetReversal Debt Impairments46 642-4 6 642Money recovered not anticipatedImpairments Recovered1071-10701Money recovered not anticipatedAgency services4 798 9664 610 996187 970Additional funding received in respect of roadsGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 224 574106 049 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roadsGains on disposal of PPE-697 430697 430Deverating RevenueDeverating Manney RevenueExpression Concellors76 721 24763 381 40613 338 841Change In disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyDebt Impairment74 806-74 806Not materialDebt Impairment2 484 990195 1760397 230Change In disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyDebt Impairment2 484 990195 1760397 230Not materialDebt Impairment2 484 990195 1760397 230Not materialGovernaet Aligoste paid5 000116 5000116 5000Change In disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyGoldster and aubsides paid5 080156 70 853117 810 8861Change In disclosure of roads salaries5 071 083117 810 8861Change In disclosure of roads s					Funds available for investments higher than
Interest earned - other35 000-35 000Not provided for in budgetActuarial Gains182 075-182 075Not provided for in budgetReversal Debt Impairments66 642-46 642Money recovered not anticipatedImpairments Recovered10 701-10 701Increase in control at resoltAgency services4 798 9664 610 996187 970Additional funding received in respect of roadsGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating106 234 674106 049 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roadsGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 674106 049 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roadsGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 674106 049 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roadsGains on disposal of PPE-697 430(697 430)Overstrand MunicipalitySelling of property delayed due to objection fromIcal Operating Revenue134 878 998125 179 7529 699 246Change in diaclosure of roads salaries - previouslyEmployee related costs76 72 1 24763 38 1 40613 339 841Not provided for in budgetDebt impairment74 806-74 806Not municipalityDebt impairment74 806-74 806Not municipalitySilock Adjustments2 14 454-2 14 454Not municipalitySilock Adjustments2 14 454-2 14 454Not provided for in budgetSilock Adjustm					•
Actuarial Gains 182 075 - 182 075 Not provided for in budget Reversal Debt Impairments 46 642 - 46 642 Money recovered not anticipated Impairments Recovered 10 701 - 10 701 Money recovered not anticipated Agency services 4 798 966 4 610 966 187 970 Additional funding received in respect of roads Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating 108 234 674 106 049 701 2 184 873 Additional funding received in respect of roads Gains on disposal of PPE - 697 430 (897 430) Overstrand Municipality Total Oparating Revenue 134 878 989 125 179 752 9 699 246 Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously Employee related costs 76 721 247 63 381 406 13 339 841 Solased as repairs and maintenance Debretions A asset impairment 74 806 - 74 806 397 230 Finance charges 594 869 19 51 760 397 230 Solased as repairs and maintenance Finance charges 594 869 19 500 5 804 219 Solased as repairs and maintenance	-		4 100		
Reversal Debt Impairments46 642-46 642Money recovered not atticipatedImpairments Recovered10 7010 7010 701Money recovered not atticipatedLicences and permits116 41649 00067 416Money recovered not atticipatedAgency services4 798 9664 610 996187 970Additional funding received in respect of roadsGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating106 234 574106 649 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roadsOther revenue7 551 275958 4756 632 800Overstrand MunicipatitiesAdditional funding received in respect of roadsGains on disposal of PPE-697 433(697 430)Overstrand MunicipatitiesOverstrand MunicipatitiesTotal Operating Revenue134 878 998125 179 7529 699 248Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyEmployee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyDebt Impairment74 806-74 806Not materialDebt Impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230Finance Charges5 94 559145 3805 804 219Stock Adjustments2 14 454-2 14 454Contracted services537 682500034 882Contracted services537 682510 853(17 810 836)Contracted services537 6822 108 386Contracted services537 6822 108 386Contacted services130 028 921			-		· •
Impairments Recovered10 70110 70110 701Money recovered not anticipatedLicences and permits116 41849 00067 419Money recovered not anticipatedAgency services4 798 9664 610 996187 970Additional funding received in respect of roadsGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 23 4574106 049 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roadsOther revenue7 591 275958 4756 63 28 00Additional funding received in respect of roadsfunctionTotal Operating Revenue13 4 878 998125 179 7529 699 246Selling af property delayed due to objection from local municipalityEXPENDITURE BY TYPERemoteration of councillors4 995 8645 078 156(82 230)Debt impairment7 4 806-7 4 806Depreciation & asset impairment2 348 8901 951 7603 37 230Stock Adjustments2 14 454-2 14 454Contracted services537 682503 0004 6822Other expenditure38 90 001755 71 853(17 818 83)Contracted services38 90 001755 71 8532 18 836Contracted services38 90 001755 71 8552 18 836Contracted services38 90 001755 71 853(17 818 83)Contracted services130 028 921127 920 5552 18 836Contracted services130 028 921127 920 5552 18 836Contracted services130 028 921127 920 5552 18 836Con	Actuarial Gains		-		Not provided for in budget
Licences and permits116 41649 00067 416Increase in control at resorts Agency servicesAdditional funding received in respect of roads functionAgency services4 789 9664 610 996187 970Additional funding received in respect of roads functionGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 574106 049 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roads functionOther revenue7 591 275958 4756 632 800To all operating RevenueTo all stars and subsidies - Operating RevenueTo all stars and subsidies - Operating Revenue134 878 998125 179 7529 699 246EXPENDITURE BY TYPE-607 430(607 430)Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance (Remuneration of councillors7 67 21 24763 381 40613 339 841Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance (Respective)Debt impairment74 806-7 4 806-7 4 806Depreciation & asset impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciated Interest on provision for employee benefits re- allocatedOther expenditure3 890 001756 710 853(17 810 836)-21 82 83Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)-Assets previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not maintenance Ass	Reversal Debt Impairments	46 642	-	46 642	Money recovered not anticipated
Agency services4 788 9664 610 986187 970Additional funding received in respect of roads functionGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 574106 049 7012 184 873Additional funding received in respect of roads functionOther revenue7 591 275958 4756 632 800To estrand MunicipalitySelling of property delayed due to objection from local municipalitiesGains on disposal of PPE-697 430(687 430)Selling of property delayed due to objection from local municipalitiesEXPENDITURE BY TYPE-67 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance alteredDebt impairment74 806-74 806-74 806Finance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as wIP now depreciation for in budgetOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Contracted services53 940 509150 000(145 000)Other expenditure38 900 01756 71 983(17 810 836)Contracted services130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Covernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalGovernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Impairments Recovered	10 701	-	10 701	Money recovered not anticipated
Additional funding received in respect of roads functionGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Operating Other revenue108 234 574106 049 7012 184 873Other revenue7 591 275958 4756 632 800Gains on disposal of PPE-697 430(697 430)Total Operating Revenue134 878 998125 179 7529 699 246EXPENDITURE BY TYPEEmployee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Remuneration of councillors4 995 8645 078 156(82 293)Debt impairment74 806-74 806Depreciation & asset impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230Finance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219Stock Adjustments214 454-214 454Contracted services53 76 662500034 662Grants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Loss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Contracted services130 028 921127 920 5552 108 386Covernment Grants and Subsidies - Capital	·				Additional funding received in respect of roads
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating108 234 574106 049 7012 184 873functionOther revenue7 591 275958 4756 632 800To pate rehabilitation costs recoverable from Overstrand Municipality Seling of property delayed due to objection from local municipalitiesGains on disposal of PPE-697 430(697 430)Other revenueTotal Operating Revenue134 878 998125 179 7529 699 246Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceEXPENDITURE BY TYPEFmployee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Remuneration of councillors4 995 8645 078 156(82 293)Debt impairment74 806-74 806Depreciation & asset impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230Finance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219Stock Adjustments214 454-214 454Contracted services537 682503 000Grants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Loss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Cost on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Charge in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslydislosed as repairs and maintenance Assets to three therefore quick of a assetGovernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalCharge in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslydislosed a repairs and assetGrants and Subsidie	Agency services	4 798 966	4 610 996	187 970	
Other revenue7 591 2759 58 4756 632 800Overstrand Municipality Selling of property delayed due to objection from local municipalitiesGains on disposal of PPE-697 430(697 430)Selling of property delayed due to objection from local municipalitiesTotal Operating Revenue134 878 998125 179 7529 699 246Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceEXPENDITURE BY TYPEEmployee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceDebt impairment74 806-74 806Not material Calculation for provision of debt impairment altered Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedFinance charges5949 599145 3805 804 219Stock Adjustments214 454-214 454Contracted services537 682503 00034 682Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Loss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Covernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalGovernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	108 234 574	106 049 701	2 184 873	function
Gains on disposal of PPE-697 430(697 430)local municipalitiesTotal Operating Revenue134 878 998125 179 7529 699 246local municipalitiesEXPENDITURE BY TYPEEmployee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceDebt impairment74 806-74 806ImpairmentCalculation for provision of debt impairment altered Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciatedFinance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219Not provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedStock Adjustments214 454-214 454Not provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Less grants paid than anticipated Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as WIP now depreciatedContracted services537 68250.300034 682Not provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Less grants paid than anticipated Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not meeting requirements of an asset disposed during the yearGovernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalGovernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalGovernment Grants and Subsidies - CapitalCovernment Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Other revenue	7 591 275	958 475	6 632 800	Overstrand Municipality
EXPENDITURE BY TYPEChange in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceEmployee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceRemuneration of councillors4 995 8645 078 156(82 293)Not materialDebt impairment74 806-74 806Not materialDepreciation & asset impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230Interest on provision of debt impairment alteredStock Adjustments2 144 544-2 14 454Not provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedStock Adjustments2 144 54-2 14 454Contracted services537 682503 00034 682Grants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Loss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Total Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Gains on disposal of PPE		697 430	(697 430)	
Employee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceRemuneration of councillors4 995 8645 078 156(82 293)Not material Calculation for provision of debt impairment altered Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedNot material Calculation for provision of debt impairment altered Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedFinance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219 214 454Stock Adjustments214 454-214 454 4Contracted services537 682503 00034 682 150 000Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Loss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Cotard Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880	Total Operating Revenue	134 878 998	125 179 752	9 699 246	
Employee related costs76 721 24763 381 40613 339 841disclosed as repairs and maintenanceRemuneration of councillors4 995 8645 078 156(82 293)Not materialDebt impairment74 806-74 806Calculation for provision of debt impairmentDepreciation & asset impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230depreciatedFinance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219allcredStock Adjustments214 454-214 454Not provided for in budgetContracted services537 682503 00034 682Not materialGrants and subsidies paid5000150 000(145 000)Less grants paid than anticipatedCher expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Charge in discloser as erabits and maintenanceDepreating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Assets previously disclosed as repairs and maintenanceGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Capital	EXPENDITURE BY TYPE				
Remuneration of councillors4 995 8645 078 156(82 293)Not material Calculation for provision of debt impairment altered Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocated Not materialFinance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219Stock Adjustments214 454-214 454Contracted services537 682503 00034 682Grants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Loss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Total Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital					Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously
Debt impairment74 806-74 806Calculation for provision of debt impairment altered Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedDebt impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230depreciated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedFinance charges5 949 5991 45 3805 804 219allocatedStock Adjustments2 14 454-2 14 454Not provided for in budgetContracted services537 682503 00034 682Not materialGrants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Less grants paid than anticipatedOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Assets nor meeting requirements of an asset disclosed as repain adminetance Assets nor meeting requirements of an assetTotal Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880	Employee related costs	76 721 247	63 381 406	13 339 841	disclosed as repairs and maintenance
Depreciation & asset impairment2 348 9901 951 760397 230Assets previously disclosed as WIP now depreciated Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedFinance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219allocatedStock Adjustments214 454-214 454Not provided for in budgetContracted services537 682503 00034 682Not materialGrants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Less grants paid than anticipated Change in disclosed as repairs of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not meeting requirements of an asset disposed during the yearTotal Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the yearGovernment Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Remuneration of councillors	4 995 864	5 078 156	(82 293)	
Finance charges5 949 599145 3805 804 219Interest on provisions for employee benefits re- allocatedStock Adjustments214 454-214 454Not provide for in budgetContracted services537 682503 00034 682Not materialGrants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Less grants paid than anticipatedOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Assets not meeting requirements of an assetLoss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263disposed during the yearTotal Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Debt impairment				Assets previously disclosed as WIP now
Stock Adjustments214 454-214 454Not provided for in budgetContracted services537 682503 00034 682Not materialGrants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Less grants paid than anticipatedOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previouslyLoss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Assets not meeting requirements of an assetdisposed during Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital					Interest on provisions for employee benefits re-
Contracted services537 682503 00034 682Not materialGrants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Less grants paid than anticipatedOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not meeting requirements of an assetLoss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263Total Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	-				
Grants and subsidies paid5 000150 000(145 000)Less grants paid than anticipated Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not meeting requirements of an asset disposed during the yearOther expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)Assets not meeting requirements of an asset disposed during the yearTotal Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	-				· •
Other expenditure 38 900 017 56 710 853 (17 810 836) Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not meeting requirements of an asset Loss on disposal of PPE 281 263 - 281 263 Total Operating Expenditure 130 028 921 127 920 555 2 108 366 Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year 4 850 077 (2 740 803) 7 590 880 Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital - - -	Contracted services	537 682	503 000	34 682	
Other expenditure38 900 01756 710 853(17 810 836)disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not meeting requirements of an asset disposed during the yearLoss on disposal of PPE281 263-281 263disclosed as repairs and maintenance Assets not meeting requirements of an asset disposed during the yearTotal Operating Expenditure130 028 921127 920 5552 108 366Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year4 850 077(2 740 803)7 590 880Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Grants and subsidies paid	5 000	150 000	(145 000)	Less grants paid than anticipated
Loss on disposal of PPE 281 263 - 281 263 disposed during the year Total Operating Expenditure 130 028 921 127 920 555 2 108 366 Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year 4 850 077 (2 740 803) 7 590 880 Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital - - -	Other expenditure	38 900 017	56 710 853	(17 810 836)	disclosed as repairs and maintenance
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year 4 850 077 (2 740 803) 7 590 880 Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital - - -	Loss on disposal of PPE	281 263	-	281 263	
Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	Total Operating Expenditure	130 028 921	127 920 555	2 108 366	
	Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	4 850 077	(2 740 803)	7 590 880	
Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year 4 850 077 (2 740 803) 7 590 880	Government Grants and Subsidies - Capital	-	-	-	
	Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	4 850 077	(2 740 803)	7 590 880	

OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2015 R Approved	2015 R	2015 R	2015 R Final	2015 R Final Year	
	Budget	Adjustments	Final Budget	Virements	End Budget	Reasons for material adjustments
REVENUE BY SOURCE						
Service charges	648 130	-	648 130	_	648 130	
Rental of facilities and equipment	11 161 920	-	11 161 920	-	11 161 920	
Interest earned - external investments	11 101 920	-	11 101 920	-	11 101 920	Funds available for investment higher than
	500 000	500 000	1 000 000	-	1 000 000	anticipated
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	4 100	-	4 100	-	4 100	
Licences and permits	49 000	-	49 000	-	49 000	
Agency services	4 872 750	(261 754)	4 610 996	-	4 610 996	Increase in roads subsidies
Government Grants and Subsidies - Operating	95 423 040	10 626 661	106 049 701	8 250 000	114 299 701	Increase in roads subsidies
Other revenue	412 120	546 355	958 475	-	958 475	
Gains on disposal of PPE						Expected selling price less than anticipated during
	850 000	(152 570)	697 430	-	697 430	original budget process
Total Operating Revenue	113 921 060	11 258 692	125 179 752	8 250 000	133 429 752	
EXPENDITURE BY TYPE						
Employee related costs						Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously
	63 417 020	(35 614)	63 381 406	14 895 000	78 276 406	disclosed as repairs and maintenance
Remuneration of councillors	5 035 810	42 346	5 078 156	26 722	5 104 878	Not material
Depreciation & asset impairment	1 996 760	(45 000)	1 951 760	-	1 951 760	Not material
Finance charges	140 540	4 840	145 380	-	145 380	Not material
Contracted services	-	503 000	503 000	-	503 000	Increase due to re-opening of Karwyderskraal
Grants and subsidies paid	-	150 000	150 000	-	150 000	Provision made for grants
Other expenditure						Change in disclosure of roads salaries - previously
	46 375 640	10 335 213	56 710 853	(6 671 722)	50 039 131	disclosed as repairs and maintenance
Total Operating Expenditure	116 965 770	10 954 785	127 920 555	8 250 000	136 170 555	
Operating Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(3 044 710)	303 907	(2 740 803)	-	(2 740 803)	
Net Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(3 044 710)	303 907	(2 740 803)	-	(2 740 803)	

OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

COMPARISON OF ACTUAL FIGURES TO FINAL BUDGET

	2015	2015	2015	
	R Actual	R Final Budget	R Variance	Explanations for material variances
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Actual	Fillal Buuget	Variatice	Explanations for material variances
Receipts				
Ratepayers and other	17 484 698	18 128 667	(643 969)	Not material
Government - operating Interest	104 666 514 1 716 886	105 939 701 1 000 000	(1 273 187) 716 886	Roll over grants Funds available for investment higher than anticipated
Payments	1710000	1 000 000	110 000	r unds available for investment nigher than anticipated
Suppliers and Employees	(121 536 771)	(121 304 155)	(232 616)	Not material
Finance charges	(149 869)	(145 380)	(4 489)	Not material Due to a cut in DORA allocations expenditure levels
Transfers and Grants	(5 000)	(150 000)	145 000	were cut
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2 176 458	3 468 833	(1 292 375)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Proceeds on disposal of Assets	-	697 430	(697 430)	Selling of properties were delayed
Decrease/(increase) in non-current receivables	-	-	-	
Decrease/(increase) in non-current investments Payments	-	-	-	
Purchase of Intangible Assets	(98 715)	-	(98 715)	Upgraiding of software required not anticipated
Capital assets	(1 646 184)	(1 639 046)	(7 138)	Not material
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(1 744 899)	(941 616)	(803 283)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Borrowing	-	-	-	
Increase/(decrease) in consumer deposits Payments	-	-	-	
Repayment of borrowing	(781 858)	(830 521)	48 663	No new leases raised during the year
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(781 858)	(830 521)	48 663	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(350 300)	1 696 696	(2 046 996)	
	((• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	(350 300)	1 696 696	(2 046 996)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	14 709 550	2 858 415	11 851 135	Improvement in financial control
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	14 359 250	4 555 111	9 804 139	Improvement in financial control

OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY STATEMENT OF COMPARISON OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

ADJUSTMENTS TO APPROVED BUDGET

	2015 R Approved Budget	2015 R Adiustments	2015 R Final Budget	Reasons for material adjustments
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	11			·····
Receipts Ratepayers and other	17 143 920	984 747	18 128 667	Better control measures being implemented
Government - operating	94 963 040	10 976 661	105 939 701	Increased allocation for the roads function
Interest	504 100	495 900	1 000 000	Funds available for investment higher than anticipated
Payments				с .
Suppliers and Employees Finance charges	(111 428 650) (140 540)	(9 875 505) (4 840)	(121 304 155) (145 380)	Increased expenditure due to increased allocation for the roads function Not material Due to a cut in DORA allocations expenditure levels
Transfers and Grants	-	(150 000)	(150 000)	were cut
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1 041 870	2 426 963	3 468 833	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts				
Proceeds on disposal of Assets				Selling of property delayed due to objection from local
Payments	850 000	(152 570)	697 430	municipalities
Capital assets	(767 000)	(872 046)	(1 639 046)	Roll over grants from the previous year
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	83 000	(1 024 616)	(941 616)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	
Borrowing	-	-	-	
Increase/(decrease) in consumer deposits Payments	-	-	-	
Repayment of borrowing	(785 690)	(44 831)	(830 521)	Not material
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(785 690)	(44 831)	(830 521)	
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	339 180	1 357 516	1 696 696	
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	339 180	1 357 516	1 696 696	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	3 270 000	(411 585)	2 858 415	Financial results of previous year considered
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	3 609 180	945 931	4 555 111	Improvement in financial control
				-

1. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES AND POLICIES APPLIED IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1.1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual financial statements have been prepared on an accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with historical cost convention unless specified otherwise.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA) and effective standards of Generally Recognised Accounting Practices (GRAP), including any interpretations and directives issued by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) in accordance with Section 122(3) of the Municipal Finance Management Act, (Act No 56 of 2003).

Accounting policies for material transactions, events or conditions not covered by the GRAP reporting framework , have been developed in accordance with paragraphs 8,10 and 11 of GRAP 3 (Revised – February 2010) and the hierarchy approved in Directive 5 issued by the Accounting Standards Board

A summary of the significant accounting policies, which have been consistently applied except where an exemption or transitional provision has been granted, are disclosed below.

Assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses have not been offset except when offsetting is permitted or required by a Standard of GRAP.

The accounting policies applied are consistent with those used to present the previous year's financial statements, unless explicitly stated otherwise. The details of any changes in accounting policies are explained in the relevant notes to the Financial Statements.

In terms of Directive 7: "The Application of Deemed Cost on the Adoption of Standards of GRAP" issued by the Accounting Standards Board, the Municipality applied deemed cost to Investment Property, Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets where the acquisition cost of assets could not be determined.

1.2. PRESENTATION CURRENCY

Amounts reflected in the financial statements are in South African Rand and at actual values. Financial values are rounded to the nearest one Rand.

1.3. GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

These annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

1.4. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

When the presentation or classification of items in the annual financial statements is amended, prior period comparative amounts are restated, unless a standard of GRAP does not require the restatements of comparative information. The nature and reason for the reclassification is disclosed. Where material accounting errors have been identified in the current year, the correction is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly. Where there has been a change in accounting policy in the current year, the adjustment is made retrospectively as far as is practicable, and the prior year comparatives are restated accordingly.

1.5. AMENDED DISCLOSURE POLICY

Amendments to accounting policies are reported as and when deemed necessary based on the relevance of any such amendment to the format and presentation of the annual financial statements. The principal amendments to matters disclosed in the current financial statements include errors.

1.6. MATERIALITY

Material omissions or misstatements of items are material if they could, individually or collectively, influence the decision or assessments of users made on the basis of the financial statements. Materiality depends on the nature or size of the omission or misstatements judged in the surrounding circumstances. The nature or size of the information item, or a combination of both, could be the determining factor. Materiality is determined as 1% of total operating expenditure. This materiality is from management's perspective and does not correlate with the auditor's materiality.

1.7. PRESENTATION OF BUDGET INFORMATION

The presentation of budget information is prepared in accordance with GRAP 24 and guidelines issued by National Treasury. The comparison of budget and actual amounts are disclosed as separate additional financial statements, namely the Statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts.

Budget information is presented on the accrual basis and is based on the same period as the actual amounts, i.e. 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015. The budget information is therefore on a comparable basis to the actual amounts.

The comparable information includes the following:

- the approved and final budget amounts;
- actual amounts and final budget amounts;

Explanations for differences between the approved and final budget are included in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Explanations for material differences between the final budget amounts and actual amounts are included in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

The disclosure of comparative information in respect of the previous period is not required in terms of GRAP 24.

1.8. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following GRAP standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Municipality:

Standard	Description	Effective Date
Directive 11	Changes in Measurement Bases following Initial Adoption of Standards of GRAP	1 April 2015
	This Directive can be applied when a Municipality elects to change the measurement bases selected for certain assets on the initial adoption of Standards of GRAP.	
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality has no intention of changing its measurement bases.	
GRAP 18	Segment Reporting	1 April 2015
(Original – Feb 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to establish principles for reporting financial information by segments.	
	No significant impact is expected as information to a large extent is already included in the appendices to the financial statements which do not form part of the audited financial statements.	
GRAP 20	Related Party Disclosure	Unknown
(Original – June 2011)	The objective of this Standard is to ensure that a Municipality's financial statements contains the disclosures necessary to draw attention to the possibility that its financial position and surplus or deficit may have been affected by the existence of related parties and by transactions and outstanding balances with such parties.	
	The Municipality previously resolved to adopt the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20. The information is therefore included in the financial statements.	
GRAP 32	Service Concession Arrangements: Grantor	Unknown
(Original – Aug 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe the accounting for service concession arrangements by the grantor and a public sector entity. No such transactions or events are expected in the	
	foreseeable future.	
GRAP 105 (Original – Nov 2010)	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Under Common Control	1 April 2015
	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer and transferor in a transfer of functions between entities under	

	common control.	
	No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 106	Transfer of Functions Between Entities Not	1 April 2015
(Original – Nov 2010)	Under Common Control The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the acquirer in a transfer of functions between entities not under common control.	
	No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 107	Mergers	1 April 2015
(Original – Nov 2010)	The objective of this Standard is to establish accounting principles for the combined entity and combining entities in a merger.	
	No significant impact expected as no such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	
GRAP 108	Statutory Receivables	Unknown
(Original – Sept 2013)	The objective of this Standard is to prescribe accounting requirements for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of statutory receivables.	
	The Municipality has revolved to adopt the principles as set out in GRAP 108 to formulate its own accounting policy.	
IGRAP 11	Consolidation - Special Purpose Entities (SPE)	1 April 2015
	The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe under what circumstances an entity should consolidate a SPE.	י דער דער ד
	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any SPE's at this stage.	
IGRAP 12	Jointly Controlled Entities non-monetary contributions The objective of this Interpretation of the Standard is to prescribe the treatment of profit/loss when an asset is sold or contributed by the entity to a Jointly Controlled Entity (JCE).	1 April 2015

	No significant impact is expected as the Municipality does not have any JCE's at this stage.	
IGRAP17	Service Concession Arrangements Where a Grantor Controls a Significant Residual Interest in an Asset	Unknown
	This Interpretation of the Standards provides guidance to the grantor where it has entered into a service concession arrangement, but only controls a significant residual interest in a service concession asset at the end of the arrangement, where the arrangement does not constitute a lease.	
	No such transactions or events are expected in the foreseeable future.	

These standards, amendments and interpretations will not have a significant impact on the Municipality once implemented.

1.9. RESERVES

1.9.1 Accumulated Surplus/Deficit

The accumulated surplus/deficit represents the net difference between the total assets and the total liabilities of the Municipality. Any surpluses and deficits realised during a specific financial year are credited/debited against accumulated surplus/deficit. Prior year adjustments, relating to income and expenditure, are debited/credit against accumulated surplus when retrospective adjustments are made.

1.10. LEASES

1.10.1 Municipality as Lessee

Leases are classified as finance leases where substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership of an asset are transferred to the Municipality. Property, plant and equipment or intangible assets (excluding licensing agreements for such items as motion picture films, video recordings, plays, manuscripts, patents and copyrights) subject to finance lease agreements are initially recognised at the lower of the asset's fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liabilities are initially recognised at the inception of the lease and are measured as the sum of the minimum lease payments due in terms of the lease agreement, discounted for the effect of interest. In discounting the lease payments, the Municipality uses the interest rate that exactly discounts the lease payments and unguaranteed residual value to the fair value of the asset plus any direct costs incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the leased assets are accounted for in accordance with the stated accounting policies applicable to property, plant and equipment or intangibles. The lease liability is reduced by the lease payments, which are allocated between the lease finance cost and the capital repayment using the effective interest rate method. Lease finance costs are expensed when incurred. The accounting policies relating to derecognition of financial instruments are applied to lease payables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease rentals are recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the

relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined expenses and actual payments made will give rise to a liability. The Municipality shall recognise the aggregate benefit of incentives as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

1.10.2 Municipality as Lessor

Under a finance lease, the Municipality recognises the lease payments to be received in terms of a lease agreement as an asset (receivable). The receivable is calculated as the sum of all the minimum lease payments to be received, plus any unguaranteed residual accruing to the Municipality, discounted at the interest rate implicit in the lease. The receivable is reduced by the capital portion of the lease instalments received, with the interest portion being recognised as interest revenue on a time proportionate basis. The accounting policies relating to de-recognition and impairment of financial instruments are applied to lease receivables.

Operating leases are those leases that do not fall within the scope of the above definition. Operating lease revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. The difference between the straight-lined revenue and actual payments received will give rise to an asset. The Municipality shall recognise the aggregate cost of incentives as a reduction of rental revenue over the lease term, on a straight-line basis unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern over which the benefit of the leased asset is diminished.

1.11. UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Conditional government grants are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

Unspent conditional grants are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent government grants, subsidies and contributions from government organs.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent conditional grants are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the Municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with grant conditions. If it
 is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the Municipality's
 interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.12. UNPAID CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Unpaid conditional grants are assets in terms of the Framework that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. The asset is recognised when the Municipality has an enforceable right to receive the grant or if it is virtually certain that it will be received based on that grant conditions have been met.

1.13. UNSPENT PUBLIC CONTRIBUTIONS

Public contributions are subject to specific conditions. If these specific conditions are not met, the monies received are repayable.

Unspent public contributions are financial liabilities that are separately reflected on the Statement of Financial Position. They represent unspent contributions from the public.

This liability always has to be cash-backed. The following provisions are set for the creation and utilisation of this creditor:

- Unspent public contributions are recognised as a liability when the grant is received.
- When grant conditions are met an amount equal to the conditions met are transferred to revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.
- The cash which backs up the creditor is invested as individual investment or part of the general investments of the municipality until it is utilised.
- Interest earned on the investment is treated in accordance with the public contribution conditions. If it is payable to the funder it is recorded as part of the creditor. If it is the municipality's interest it is recognised as interest earned in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.14. PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Municipality has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is possible that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the provision can be made. Provisions are reviewed at reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of future outflows of resources. Where the effect is material, non-current provisions are discounted to their present value using a discount rate that reflects the market's current assessment of the time value of money, adjusted for risks specific to the liability (for example in the case of obligations for the rehabilitation of land).

The Municipality does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where an inflow of economic benefits is possible.

Future events that may affect the amount required to settle an obligation are reflected in the amount of a provision where there is sufficient objective evidence that they will occur. Gains from the expected disposal of assets are not taken into account in measuring a provision. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses. The present obligation under an onerous contract is recognised and measured as a provision.

A provision for restructuring costs is recognised only when the following criteria over and above the recognition criteria of a provision have been met:

- (a) The Municipality has a detailed formal plan for the restructuring identifying at least:
 - the business or part of a business concerned;
 - the principal locations affected;
 - the location, function and approximate number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services;

- the expenditures that will be undertaken; and
- when the plan will be implemented.
- (b) The Municipality has raised a valid expectation in those affected that it will carry out the restructuring by starting to implement that plan or announcing its main features to those affected by it.

The amount recognised as a provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date.

If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is de-recognised..

1.15. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Municipality pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Defined benefit plans are post-employment benefit plans other than defined contribution plans.

1.15.1 Post-Retirement Medical Obligations

The Municipality provides post-retirement medical benefits by subsidizing the medical aid contributions of certain retired staff according to the rules of the medical aid funds. Council pays 60% as contribution and the remaining 40% is paid by the members. The entitlement to these benefits is usually conditional on the employee remaining in service up to retirement age and the completion of a minimum service period. The present value of the defined benefit liability is actuarially determined in accordance with GRAP 25 – "Employee benefits" (using a discount rate applicable to high quality government bonds). The plan is unfunded.

These contributions are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution. The liability was calculated by means of the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. The liability in respect of current pensioners is regarded as fully accrued, and is therefore not split between a past (or accrued) and future in-service element. The liability is recognised at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the reporting date, minus the fair value at the reporting date of plan assets (if any) out of which the obligations are to be settled directly. Payments made by the Municipality are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

1.15.2 Long Service Awards

Long service awards are provided to employees who achieve certain pre-determined milestones of service within the Municipality. The Municipality's obligation under these plans is valued by independent qualified actuaries annually and the corresponding liability is raised. Payments are set-off against the liability, including notional interest, resulting from the valuation by the actuaries and are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance as employee benefits upon valuation.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from the experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that it occurs. These obligations are valued annually by independent qualified actuaries.

1.15.3 Ex gratia Gratuities

Ex gratia gratuities are provided to employees that were not previously members of a pension fund.

1.15.4 Provision for Staff Leave

Liabilities for annual leave are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability is based on the total amount of leave days due to employees at year-end and also on the basic salary of the employee.

Accumulating leave is carried forward and can be used in future periods if the current period's entitlement is not used in full. All unused leave will be paid out to the specific employee at the end of that employee's employment term.

Accumulated leave is vesting.

1.15.5 Staff Bonuses Accrued

Liabilities for staff bonuses are recognised as they accrue to employees. The liability at year end is based on bonus accrued at year end for each employee.

1.15.6 Pension and retirement fund obligations

The Municipality provides retirement benefits for its employees and councillors. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which an entity pays fixed contributions into a separate entity (a fund) and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employee benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable. The defined benefit funds, which are administered on a provincial basis, are actuarially valued triannually on the projected unit credit method basis. Deficits identified are recovered through lump sum payments or increased future contributions on a proportional basis to all participating municipalities. The contributions and lump sum payments are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year they become payable. Sufficient information is not available to use defined benefit accounting for a multi-employer plan. As a result, defined benefit plans have been accounted for as if they were defined contribution plans.

1.15.7 Other Short-term Employee Benefits

When an employee has rendered service to the Municipality during a reporting period, the Municipality recognises the undiscounted amount of short-term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service:

- as a liability (accrued expense), after deducting any amount already paid. If the amount already paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of the benefits, the Municipality recognises that excess as an asset (prepaid expense) to the extent that the prepayment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payments or a cash refund; and
- as an expense, unless another Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefits in the cost of an asset.

1.16. BORROWING COSTS

The Municipality recognises all borrowing costs as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

1.17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

1.17.1 Initial Recognition

Property, plant and equipment are tangible non-current assets (including infrastructure assets) that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, rental to others, or for administrative purposes, and are expected to be used during more than one year. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the municipality, and the cost or fair value of the item can be measured reliably. Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised as assets on acquisition date and are initially recorded at cost. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is the purchase price and other costs attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by the Municipality. Trade discounts and rebates are deducted in arriving at the cost. The cost also includes the necessary costs of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located.

When significant components of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Where an asset is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of that asset on the date acquired.

Where an item of property, plant and equipment is acquired in exchange for a nonmonetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the assets acquired are initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

Major spare parts and servicing equipment qualify as property, plant and equipment when the municipality expects to use them during more than one period. Similarly, if the major

spare parts and servicing equipment can be used only in connection with an item of property, plant and equipment, they are accounted for as property, plant and equipment.

1.17.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

Where the Municipality replaces parts of an asset, it derecognises the part of the asset being replaced and capitalises the new component. Subsequent expenditure incurred on an asset is capitalised when it increases the capacity or future economic benefits associated with the asset.

1.17.3 Depreciation and Impairment

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual depreciation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

	Years		Years
Infrastructure		<u>Other</u>	
Roads and Paving	30	Computer equipment	5-15
Electricity	20-30	Other vehicles	20
Water	20-30	Office equipment	6-25
Sewerage	30	Furniture and fittings	7-30
Housing	100	Watercraft	25
		Bins and containers	25-50
<u>Community</u>		Specialised plant and	
Buildings	50-100	Equipment	5-35
Recreational Facilities	30-100	Other plant and	
Security	5-20	Equipment	5-35
Halls	100	Landfill sites	15-120
Libraries	100	Emergency equipment	5-35
Parks and gardens	30-100		
Other assets	5-35		
Finance lease assets		Land and Buildings	
Office equipment	3	Buildings	50-100
Other assets	3		

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

An impairment is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been recognised. A reversal of an impairment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.17.4 De-recognition

Items of property, plant and equipment are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

1.18.1 Initial Recognition

An intangible asset is an identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance.

An asset meets the identifiability criterion in the definition of an intangible asset when it:

- is separable, i.e. is capable of being separated or divided from the municipality and sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, either individually or together with a related contract, identifiable asset or liability, regardless of whether the municipality intends to do so; or
- arises from binding arrangements from contracts, regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the municipality or from other rights and obligations.

The Municipality recognises an intangible asset in its Statement of Financial Position only when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits or service potential that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Municipality and the cost or fair value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Internally generated intangible assets are subject to strict recognition criteria before they are capitalised. Research expenditure is never capitalised, while development expenditure is only capitalised to the extent that:

- the Municipality intends to complete the intangible asset for use or sale;
- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset;
- the Municipality has the resources to complete the project;
- it is probable that the municipality will receive future economic benefits or service potential; and
- the municipality can measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost.

Where an intangible asset is acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or monetary assets, or a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets, the asset acquired is initially measured at fair value (the cost). If the acquired item's fair value was not determinable, it's deemed cost is the carrying amount of the asset(s) given up.

1.18.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Intangible assets are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairments losses. The cost of an intangible asset is amortised over the

useful life where that useful life is finite. Where the useful life is indefinite, the asset is not amortised but is subject to an annual impairment test.

1.18.3 Amortisation and Impairment

Amortisation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of intangible assets over its estimated useful lives using the straight line method. Amortisation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are amortised separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortisation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The annual amortisation rates are based on the following estimated useful lives:

Intangible Assets	Years
Computer Software	10
Computer Software Licenses	10

Intangible assets are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

1.18.4 De-recognition

Intangible assets are derecognised when the asset is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits or service potential expected from the use of the asset. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an intangible asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.19. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

1.19.1 Initial Recognition

Investment property shall be recognised as an asset when, and only when:

- it is probable that the future economic benefits or service potential that are associated with the investment property will flow to the municipality, and
- the cost or fair value of the investment property can be measured reliably.

Investment property includes property (land or a building, or part of a building, or both land and buildings held under a finance lease) held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, rather than held to meet service delivery objectives, the production or supply of goods or services, or the sale of an asset in the ordinary course of operations. Property with a currently undetermined use, is also classified as investment property.

At initial recognition, the Municipality measures investment property at cost including transaction costs once it meets the definition of investment property. However, where an investment property was acquired through a non-exchange transaction (i.e. where it acquired the investment property for no or a nominal value), its cost is its fair value as at

the date of acquisition. The cost of self-constructed investment property is measured at cost.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. If owner occupied property becomes an investment property, the Municipality accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use.

1.19.2 Subsequent Measurement – Cost Model

Subsequent to initial recognition, items of investment property are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite useful life.

1.19.3 Depreciation and Impairment – Cost Model

Depreciation is calculated on the depreciable amount, using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation of an asset begins when it is available for use, i.e. when it is in the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Components of assets that are significant in relation to the whole asset and that have different useful lives are depreciated separately. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Investment Property	Years
Buildings	30

Investment Property are reviewed at each reporting date for any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The impairment recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance is the excess of the carrying value over the recoverable amount.

1.19.4 De-recognition

Investment property is derecognised when it is disposed or when there are no further economic benefits expected from the use of the investment property. The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of investment property is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying value and is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.19.5 Application of deemed cost - Directive 7

The Municipality opted to take advantage of the transitional provisions as contained in Directive 7 of the Accounting Standards Board, issued in December 2009. The Municipality applied deemed cost where the acquisition cost of an asset could not be determined. The fair value as determined by a valuator was used in order to determine the deemed cost as on 1 July 2007.

1.20. IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

1.20.1 Cash-generating assets

Cash-generating assets are assets held with the primary objective of generating a commercial return.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

- (a) External sources of information
 - During the period, an asset's market value has declined significantly more than would be expected as a result of the passage of time or normal use.
 - Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or will take place in the near future, in the technological, market, economic or legal environment in which the Municipality operates or in the market to which an asset is dedicated.
 - Market interest rates or other market rates of return on investments have increased during the period, and those increases are likely to affect the discount rate used in calculating an asset's value in use and decrease the asset's recoverable amount materially.
- (b) Internal sources of information
 - Evidence is available of obsolescence or physical damage of an asset.
 - Significant changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date, and reassessing the useful life of an asset as finite rather than indefinite.
 - Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the economic performance of an asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

The re-designation of assets from a cash-generating asset to a non-cash generating asset or from a non-cash-generating asset to a cash-generating asset shall only occur when there is clear evidence that such a re-designation is appropriate. A re-designation, by itself, does not necessarily trigger an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss. Instead, the indication for an impairment test or a reversal of an impairment loss arises from, as a minimum, the indications listed above.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs to sell, an appropriate valuation model is used. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

After the recognition of an impairment loss, the depreciation (amortisation) charge for the asset is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.20.2 Non-cash-generating assets

Non-cash-generating assets are assets other than cash-generating assets.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Municipality estimates the asset's recoverable service amount.

In assessing whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the Municipality considers the following indications:

- (a) External sources of information
 - Cessation, or near cessation, of the demand or need for services provided by the asset.
 - Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period or will take place in the near future, in the technological, legal or government policy environment in which the Municipality operates.
- (b) Internal sources of information
 - Evidence is available of physical damage of an asset.
 - Significant long-term changes with an adverse effect on the Municipality have taken place during the period, or are expected to take place in the near future, in the extent to which, or manner in which, an asset is used or is expected to be used. These changes include the asset becoming idle, plans to discontinue or restructure the operation to which an asset belongs, or plans to dispose of an asset before the previously expected date.
 - A decision to halt the construction of the asset before it is complete or in a usable condition.
 - Evidence is available from internal reporting that indicates that the service performance of an asset is, or will be, significantly worse than expected.

An asset's recoverable service amount is the higher of a non-cash-generating asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. If the recoverable service amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable service amount. That reduction is an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The value in use of a non-cash-generating asset is the present value of the asset's remaining service potential. The present value of the remaining service potential of the asset is determined using any one of the following approaches, depending on the nature of the asset in question:

- depreciation replacement cost approach the present value of the remaining service potential of an asset is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of the asset. The replacement cost of an asset is the cost to replace the asset's gross service potential. This cost is depreciated to reflect the asset in its used condition. An asset may be replaced either through reproduction (replication) of the existing asset or through replacement of its gross service potential. The depreciated replacement cost is measured as the reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower, less accumulated depreciation calculated on the basis of such cost, to reflect the already consumed or expired service potential of the asset.
- restoration cost approach the cost of restoring the service potential of an asset to
 its pre-impaired level. Under this approach, the present value of the remaining
 service potential of the asset is determined by subtracting the estimated restoration
 cost of the asset from the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential
 of the asset before impairment. The latter cost is usually determined as the
 depreciated reproduction or replacement cost of the asset, whichever is lower.
- service unit approach the present value of the remaining service potential of the
 asset is determined by reducing the current cost of the remaining service potential
 of the asset before impairment, to conform with the reduced number of service
 units expected from the asset in its impaired state. As in the restoration cost
 approach, the current cost of replacing the remaining service potential of the asset
 before impairment is usually determined as the depreciated reproduction or
 replacement cost of the asset before impairment, whichever is lower.

Fair value less costs to sell is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less the costs of disposal.

An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard of GRAP. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset shall be treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that Standard of GRAP.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the Municipality estimates the recoverable service amount of that asset.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If this is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable service amount. The increased carrying amount of an asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior periods. Such a reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.21. INVENTORIES

1.21.1 Initial Recognition

Inventories comprise of current assets held for sale, consumption or distribution during the ordinary course of business. Inventories are recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits or service potential associated with the item will flow to the Municipality, and the cost of the inventories can be measured reliably. Inventories are initially recognised at cost. Cost generally refers to the purchase price, plus non-recoverable taxes, transport costs and any other costs in bringing the inventories to their current location and condition. Where inventory is manufactured, constructed or produced, the cost includes the cost of labour, materials and overheads used during the manufacturing process.

Water inventory is being measured by multiplying the cost per kilo litre of purified water by the amount of water in storage.

Where inventory is acquired by the Municipality for no or nominal consideration (i.e. a non-exchange transaction), the cost is deemed to be equal to the fair value of the item on the date acquired.

1.21.2 Subsequent Measurement

Inventories, consisting of consumable stores, raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods, are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value unless they are to be distributed at no or nominal charge, in which case they are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost. Redundant and slow-moving inventories are identified and written down. Differences arising on the valuation of inventory are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance in the year in which they arose. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories arising from an increase in net realisable value or current replacement cost is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

The carrying amount of inventories is recognised as an expense in the period that the inventory was sold, distributed, written off or consumed, unless that cost qualifies for capitalisation to the cost of another asset.

The basis of allocating cost to inventory items is the weighted average method.

Water inventory is measured annually at the reporting date by way of dip readings and the calculated volume in the distribution network.

Cost of land held for sale is assigned by using specific identification of their individual costs.

1.22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both form exchange and non-exchange transactions) and non-current investments. The future utilization of Unspent Conditional Grants is evaluated in order to determine whether it is treated as financial instruments.

1.22.1 Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are initially recognised when the Municipality becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. If finance charges in respect of financial assets and financial liabilities are significantly different from similar charges usually obtained in an open market transaction, adjusted for the specific risks of the Municipality, such differences are immediately recognised in the period it occurs, and the unamortised portion adjusted over the period of the loan transactions.

1.22.2 Subsequent Measurement

Financial assets are categorised according to their nature as either financial assets at fair value, financial assets at amortised cost or financial assets at cost. Financial liabilities are categorised as either at fair value or financial liabilities carried at amortised cost. The subsequent measurement of financial assets and liabilities depends on this categorisation. Financial instruments recognised on the Statement of Financial Position include receivables (both from exchange transactions and non-exchange transactions), cash and cash equivalents, annuity loans and payables (both form exchange and non-exchange transactions).

1.22.2.1 <u>Receivables</u>

Receivables are classified as financial assets at amortised cost, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

For amounts due from debtors carried at amortised cost, the Municipality first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. Objective evidence of impairment includes significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days overdue). If the Municipality determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future expected credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount based on the original effective interest rate of the asset. Loans together with the associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the municipality. If, in a subsequent year, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a future write-off is later recovered, the recovery is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, if material. If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

1.22.2.2 Payables and Annuity Loans

Financial liabilities consist of payables and annuity loans. They are categorised as financial liabilities held at amortised cost, and are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using an effective interest rate, which is the initial carrying amount, less repayments, plus interest.

1.22.2.3 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand (including petty cash) and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments, readily convertible into known amounts of cash that are held with registered banking institutions with maturities of three months or less and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, highly liquid deposits and net of bank overdrafts. The Municipality categorises cash and cash equivalents as financial assets carried at amortised cost.

Bank overdrafts are recorded based on the facility utilised. Finance charges on bank overdraft are expensed as incurred. Amounts owing in respect of bank overdrafts are categorised as financial liabilities carried at amortised cost.

1.22.2.4 Non-Current Investments

Investments which include investments in municipal entities and fixed deposits invested in registered commercial banks, are stated at amortised cost.

Where investments have been impaired, the carrying value is adjusted by the impairment loss, which is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Financial Performance in the period that the impairment is identified.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. The carrying amounts of such investments are reduced to recognise any decline, other than a temporary decline, in the value of individual investments.

1.22.3 De-recognition of Financial Instruments

1.22.3.1 <u>Financial Assets</u>

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Municipality has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Municipality has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Municipality has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained

substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the old asset is derecognised and a new asset is recognised to the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement in the asset.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Municipality could be required to repay.

When continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on the transferred asset, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Municipality may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option (including a cash settled option or similar provision) on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Municipality's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

1.22.3.2 Financial Liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.22.4 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously

1.23 STATUTORY RECEIVABLES

Statutory receivables arise from legislation, supporting regulations, or similar means and require settlement by another entity in cash or another financial asset. Statutory receivables can arise from both exchange and non-exchange transactions.

1.23.1 Initial Recognition

Statutory receivables are recognised when the related revenue is recognised or when the receivable meets the definition of an asset.

1.23.2 Measurement

The Municipality initially measures the statutory receivables at their transaction amount. The Municipality measure statutory receivables after initial recognition using the cost method. Under the cost method, the initial measurement of the receivable is changed subsequent to reflect any:

(a) interest or other charges that may have accrued on the receivable;

- (b) impairment losses; and
- (c) amounts derecognised.

The Municipality assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired. If there is an indication that a statutory receivable may be impaired, the Municipality measures the impairment loss as the difference between the estimated future cash flows and the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount is higher than the estimated future cash flows, the carrying amount of the statutory receivable is reduced, through the use of an allowance account. The amount of the loss is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance. In estimating the future cash flows, the Municipality considers both the amount and timing of the cash flows that it will receive in future. Consequently, where the effect of the time value of money is material, the Municipality discounts the estimated future cash flows using a rate that reflects the current risk free rate and any risks specific to the statutory receivable for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

An impairment loss recognised in prior periods for a statutory receivable is revised if there has been a change in the estimates used since the last impairment loss was recognised, or to reflect the effect of discounting the estimated cash flows. Any previously recognised impairment loss is adjusted by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of any adjustment is recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.23.3 Derecognition

The Municipality derecognises a statutory receivable when:

- (a) the rights to the cash flows from the receivable are settled, expire or are waived;
- (b) the Municipality transfers to another party substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable; or
- (c) the Municipality, despite having retained some significant risks and rewards of ownership of the receivable, has transferred control of the receivable to another party and the other party has the practical ability to sell the receivable in its entirety to an unrelated third party, and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without needing to impose additional restrictions on the transfer. In this case, the Municipality:
 - (i) derecognise the receivable; and

(ii) recognise separately any rights and obligations created or retained in the transfer.

1.24. REVENUE

1.24.1 Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue from non-exchange transactions refers to transactions where the Municipality received revenue from another entity without directly giving approximately equal value in exchange. Revenue from non-exchange transactions is generally recognised to the extent that the related receipt or receivable qualifies for recognition as an asset and there is no liability to repay the amount.

Grants, transfers and donations received or receivable are recognised when the resources that have been transferred, meet the criteria for recognition as an asset. A corresponding liability is recognised to the extent that the grant, transfer or donation is conditional. The liability is transferred to revenue as and when the conditions attached to the grant are met. Grants without any conditions attached are recognised as revenue when the asset is recognised.

Revenue from public contributions and donations is recognised when all conditions associated with the contribution have been met or where the contribution is to finance

property, plant and equipment, when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and first becomes available for use by the Municipality. Where public contributions have been received, but the Municipality has not met the related conditions, it is recognised as an unspent public contribution (liability).

Revenue from third parties i.e. insurance payments for assets impaired, are recognised when it can be measured reliably and is not being offset against the related expenses of repairs or renewals of the impaired assets.

Contributed property, plant and equipment is recognised when such items of property, plant and equipment qualifies for recognition and become available for use by the Municipality.

All unclaimed deposits are initially recognised as a liability until 36 months expires, when all unclaimed deposits into the Municipality's bank account will be treated as revenue. This policy is in line with prescribed debt principle as enforced by law.

Revenue from the recovery of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure is based on legislated procedures, including those set out in the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003) and is recognised when the recovery thereof from the responsible councillors or officials is virtually certain.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

When, as a result of a non-exchange transaction, a Municipality recognises an asset, it also recognises revenue equivalent to the amount of the asset measured at its fair value as at the date of acquisition, unless it is also required to recognise a liability. Where a liability is required to be recognised it will be measured as the best estimate of the amount required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, and the amount of the increase in net assets, if any, recognised as revenue. When a liability is subsequently reduced, because the taxable event occurs or a condition is satisfied, the amount of the reduction in the liability will be recognised as revenue.

1.24.2 Revenue from Exchange Transactions

Revenue from exchange transactions refers to revenue that accrued to the Municipality directly in return for services rendered or goods sold, the value of which approximates the consideration received or receivable.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- The Municipality has transferred to the purchaser the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.
- The Municipality retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold.
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably.
- It is probable that the economic benefits or service potential associated with the transaction will flow to the Municipality.
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

At the time of initial recognition the full amount of revenue is recognised where the Municipality has an enforceable legal obligation to collect, unless the individual collectability is considered to be improbable. If the Municipality does not successfully enforce its obligation to collect the revenue this would be considered a subsequent event.

Service charges relating to electricity and water are based on consumption and a basic charge as per Council resolution. Meters are read on a monthly basis and are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Where the Municipality was unable to take the actual month's reading of certain consumers, a provisional estimate of consumption for that month will be created. The provisional estimates of consumption are recognised as revenue when invoiced. Adjustments to provisional estimates of consumption are made in the invoicing period in which meters have been read. These adjustments are recognised as revenue in the invoicing period.

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

Revenue from the rental of facilities and equipment is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease agreement.

Dividends are recognised on the date that the Municipality becomes entitled to receive the dividend.

Revenue arising from the application of the approved tariff of charges is recognised when the relevant service is rendered by applying the relevant tariff. This includes the issuing of licences and permits.

Revenue arising out of situations where the Municipality acts as an agent on behalf of another entity (the principal) is limited to the amount of any fee or commission payable to the municipality as compensation for executing the agreed services.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable.

The amount of revenue arising on a transaction is usually determined by agreement between the Municipality and the purchaser or user of the asset or service. It is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account the amount of any trade discounts and volume rebates allowed by the Municipality.

In most cases, the consideration is in the form of cash or cash equivalents and the amount of revenue is the amount of cash or cash equivalents received or receivable. However, when the inflow of cash or cash equivalents is deferred, the fair value of the consideration may be less than the nominal amount of cash received or receivable. When the arrangement effectively constitutes a financing transaction, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The imputed rate of interest is the more clearly determinable of either:

- The prevailing rate for a similar instrument of an issuer with a similar credit rating;
- A rate of interest that discounts the nominal amount of the instrument to the current cash sales price of the goods or services.

The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognised as interest revenue.

When goods or services are exchanged or swapped for goods or services which are of a similar nature and value, the exchange is not regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. When goods are sold or services are rendered in exchange for dissimilar goods or services, the exchange is regarded as a transaction that generates revenue. The revenue is measured at the fair value of the goods or services received, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred. When the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received at the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be measured reliably.

of the goods or services given up, adjusted by the amount of any cash or cash equivalents transferred.

1.25. RELATED PARTIES

The Municipality resolved to adopt the disclosure requirements as per GRAP 20 - "Related Party Disclosures".

A related party is a person or an entity:

- with the ability to control or jointly control the other party,
- or exercise significant influence over the other party, or vice versa,
- or an entity that is subject to common control, or joint control.

The following are regarded as related parties of the Municipality:

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Municipality if that person:
 - has control or joint control over the Municipality.
 - has significant influence over the Municipalities. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the Municipality.
 - is a member of the management of the Municipality or its controlling entity.
- (b) An entity is related to the Municipality if any of the following conditions apply:
 - the entity is a member of the same economic entity (which means that each controlling entity, controlled entity and fellow controlled entity is related to the others).
 - one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of an economic entity of which the other entity is a member).
 - both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Municipality or an entity related to the Municipality. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are related to the entity.
 - the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - a person identified in (a) has significant influence over that entity or is a member of the management of that entity (or its controlling entity).

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that person in their dealings with the Municipality. A person is considered to be a close member of the family of another person if they:

- (a) are married or live together in a relationship similar to a marriage; or
- (b) are separated by no more than two degrees of natural or legal consanguinity or affinity.

Management (formerly known as "Key Management") includes all persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality, including:

- (a) all members of the governing body of the Municipality;
- (b) a member of the governing body of an economic entity who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality;
- (c) any key advisors of a member, or sub-committees, of the governing body who has the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Municipality; and
- (d) the senior management team of the Municipality, including the chief executive officer or permanent head of the Municipality, unless already included in (a).

Management personnel include:

- (a) All directors or members of the governing body of the Municipality, being the Executive Mayor, Deputy Mayor, Speaker and members of the Mayoral Committee.
- (b) Other persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting Municipality being the Municipal Manager, Chief Financial Officer an all other managers reporting directly to the Municipal Manager or as designated by the Municipal Manager.

Remuneration of management includes remuneration derived for services provided to the Municipality in their capacity as members of the management team or employees. Benefits derived directly or indirectly from the Municipality for services in any capacity other than as an employee or a member of management do not meet the definition of remuneration. Remuneration of management excludes any consideration provided solely as a reimbursement for expenditure incurred by those persons for the benefit of the Municipality.

The Municipality operates in an economic environment currently dominated by entities directly or indirectly owned by the South African government. As a result of the Constitutional independence of all three spheres of government in South Africa, only parties within the same sphere of government will be considered to be related parties. Only transactions with such parties which are not at arm's length and not on normal commercial terms are disclosed.

1.26. UNAUTHORISED EXPENDITURE

Unauthorised expenditure is expenditure that has not been budgeted, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, municipality or organ of state and expenditure in a form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003). Unauthorised expenditure is accounted for as an expense (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.27. IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE

Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No. 56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No. 32 of 2000), the Public Office Bearers Act, and (Act. No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention of the Municipality's Supply Chain Management Policy. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorised expenditure. Irregular expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where

recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.28. FRUITLESS AND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE

Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and could have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is accounted for as expenditure (measured at actual cost incurred) in the Statement of Financial Performance and where recovered, it is subsequently accounted for as revenue in the Statement of Financial Performance.

1.29. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the municipality. A contingent liability could also be a present obligation that arises from past events, but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

The Economic entity does not recognise a contingent liability or contingent asset. A contingent liability is disclosed unless the probability of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits or service potential is remote. A contingent asset is disclosed where the inflow of economic benefits or service potential is probable.

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring contingent liabilities.

1.30. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the Municipality's accounting policy, management has made the following significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

1.30.1 Post-retirement medical obligations and Long service awards.

The cost of post-retirement medical obligations and long service awards are determined using actuarial valuations. The actuarial valuation involves making assumptions about discount rates, expected rates of return on assets, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Major assumptions used are disclosed in note 4 of the annual financial statements. Due to the long-term nature of these plans, such estimates are subject to significant uncertainty.

1.30.2 Impairment of Receivables

The calculation in respect of the impairment of debtors is based on an assessment of the extent to which debtors have defaulted on payments already due, and an assessment of their ability to make payments based on their creditworthiness. This was performed per service-identifiable categories across all classes of debtors.

1.30.3 Property, Plant and Equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on management's estimation. Infrastructure's useful lives are based on technical estimates of the practical useful lives for the different infrastructure types, given engineering technical knowledge of the infrastructure types and service requirements. For other assets and buildings management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their useful lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment.

- The useful life of movable assets was determined using the age of similar assets available for sale in the active market. Discussions with people within the specific industry were also held to determine useful lives.
- Local Government Industry Guides was used to assist with the deemed cost and useful life of infrastructure assets.
- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings. The Municipality also consulted with engineers to support the useful life of buildings, with specific reference to the structural design of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to other assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

The cost for depreciated replacement cost was determined by using either one of the following:

- cost of items with a similar nature currently in the Municipality's asset register;
- cost of items with a similar nature in other municipalities' asset registers, given that the other municipality has the same geographical setting as the Municipality and that the other municipality's asset register is considered to be accurate;
- cost as supplied by suppliers.

For deemed cost applied to land and buildings as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

1.30.4 Intangible Assets

The useful lives of intangible assets are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate.

Reference was made to intangibles used within the Municipality and other municipalities to determine the useful life of the assets.

For deemed cost applied to intangible assets as per adoption of Directive 7, management used the depreciation cost method which was based on assumptions about the remaining duration of the assets.

1.30.5 Investment Property

The useful lives of investment property are based on management's estimation. Management considers the impact of technology, availability of capital funding, service requirements and required return on assets to determine the optimum useful life expectation, where appropriate. The estimation of residual values of assets is also based on management's judgement whether the assets will be sold or used to the end of their economic lives, and in what condition they will be at that time.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding useful lives and valuation of investment property:

- The Municipality referred to buildings in other municipal areas to determine the useful life of buildings.
- The Municipality also consulted with professional engineers and qualified valuators to support the useful life of buildings.

For deemed cost applied to Investment Property as per adoption of Directive 7, management made use of on independent valuator. The valuator's valuation was based on assumptions about the market's buying and selling trends and the remaining duration of the assets.

1.30.6 Provisions and Contingent Liabilities

Management judgement is required when recognising and measuring provisions and when measuring contingent liabilities. Provisions are discounted where the time value effect is material.

1.30.7 Revenue Recognition

Accounting Policy 1.24.1 on Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions and Accounting Policy 1.24.2 on Revenue from Exchange Transactions describes the conditions under which revenue will be recognised by management of the Municipality.

In making their judgement, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue as set out in GRAP 9: Revenue from Exchange Transactions and GRAP 23: Revenue from Non-Exchange Transactions.). Specifically, whether the Municipality, when goods are sold, had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods and when services are rendered, whether the service has been performed. The management of the Municipality is satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate.

1.30.8 Provision for Landfill Sites

The provision for rehabilitation of the landfill site is recognised as and when the environmental liability arises. The provision is calculated by a qualified environmental engineer. The provision represents the net present value at the reporting date of the expected future cash flows to rehabilitate the landfill site. To the extent that the obligations relate to an asset, it is capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Any subsequent changes to an obligation that did not relate to the initial related asset are recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance.

Management referred to the following when making assumptions regarding provisions:

- Professional engineers were utilised to determine the cost of rehabilitation of landfill sites as well as the remaining useful life of each specific landfill site.
- Interest rates (investment rate) linked to prime was used to calculate the effect of time value of money.

1.30.9 Provision for Staff leave

Staff leave is accrued to employees according to collective agreements. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave or when employment is terminated.

1.30.10 Componentisation of Infrastructure assets

All infrastructure assets are unbundled into their significant components in order to depreciate all major components over the expected useful lives. The cost of each component is estimated based on the current market price of each component, depreciated for age and condition and recalculated to cost at the acquisition date if known or to the date of initially adopting the standards of GRAP.

1.31. TAXES – VALUE ADDED TAX

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amounts of value added tax. The net amount of Value Added Tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position.

1.32. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments disclosed in the financial statements represents the contractual balance committed to capital projects on reporting date that will be incurred in the period subsequent to the specific reporting date.

1.33. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

Events after the reporting date are those events, both favourable and unfavourable, that occur between the reporting date and the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue. Two types of events can be identified:

- those that provide evidence of conditions that existed at the reporting date (adjusting events after the reporting date); and
- those that are indicative of conditions that arose after the reporting date (nonadjusting events after the reporting date).

If non-adjusting events after the reporting date are material, the Municipality discloses the nature and an estimate of the financial effect.

	2015 R	2014 R
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
Annuity Loans - At amortised cost Capitalised Lease Liability - At amortised cost	779 945 699 952	1 235 231 1 026 524
	1 479 897	2 261 755
Current Portion transferred to Current Liabilities	813 772	782 765
Annuity Loans - At amortised cost Capitalised Lease Liability - At amortised cost	146 325 667 448	455 287 327 478
Fotal Long-term Liabilities - At amortised cost using the effective interest rate method	666 124	1 478 990
Refer below for maturity dates of long term liabilities:		
The obligations under annuity loans are scheduled below:	Minimu annuity pay	
Amounts payable under annuity loans:		
Payable within one year Payable within two to five years	216 873 759 054	553 655 867 490
Payable after five years	-	108 436
	975 926	1 529 581
Less: Future finance obligations	195 982	294 350
Present value of annuity obligations	779 945	1 235 231
Annuity loans at amortised cost is calculated at 13.22% interest rate, with a maturity date of 30 June 2019. The loan is unsecured .		
The obligations under finance leases are scheduled below:	Minimu lease payr	
Amounts payable under finance leases:		
Payable within one year Payable within two to five years	685 705 32 889	375 231 716 499
	718 594	1 091 730
Less: Future finance obligations	18 642	65 206

Present value of lease obligations

2

Leases are secured by property, plant and equipment - Note 10

The capitalised lease liability consists of the following contracts:

Supplier	Description of leased item	Effective Interest rate	Annual Escalation	Lease Term	Maturity Date
Assatech	Copiers	8.5% to10.16%	0%	3 Years	01 Sep 2013 - 31 Aug 2016
Amasondo	Vehicles	8.5% to10.16%	0%	3 Years	03 Apr 2013 - 03 Apr 2016

Refer to Appendix A for descriptions, maturity dates and effective interest rates of structured loans and finance.

1 026 524

699 952

3

54 064 653 4 280 315 58 344 968	50 742 798 3 911 968 54 654 766
4 280 315	3 911 968
58 344 968	54 654 766
53 453 022	50 173 979
1 435 214	1 114 169
4 544 484	4 012 319
(2 339 100)	(2 323 733
(182 075)	476 288
56 911 545	53 453 022
(2 846 892)	(2 710 224
54 064 653	50 742 798
4 370 073	4 116 067
282 189	418 21
327 560	283 76
(386 714)	(431 55
211 455	(16 42
4 804 563	4 370 073
(524 248)	(458 10
4 280 315	3 911 968
57 823 095	54 290 046
1 717 403	1 532 38
4 872 044	4 296 079
(2 725 815)	(2 755 28
29 381	459 86
61 716 108	57 823 09
(3 371 140)	(3 168 32
58 344 968	54 654 760
	1 435 214 4 544 484 (2 339 100) (182 075) 56 911 545 (2 846 892) 54 064 653 4 370 073 282 189 327 560 (386 714) 211 455 4 804 563 (524 248) 4 280 315 57 823 095 1 717 403 4 872 044 (2 725 815) 29 381 61 716 108 (3 371 140)

The Post Retirement Benefit Plan is a defined benefit plan, of which the members are made up as follows:

In-service (employee) members	115	115
Continuation members (e.g. Retirees, widows, orphans)	82	84
Total Members	197	199

3 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

				2015 R	2014 R
The liability in respect of past service has be	een estimated to be	as follows:			
In-service members Continuation members				20 687 379 36 224 166	18 182 623 35 270 399
Total Liability			=	56 911 545	53 453 022
The liability in respect of periods commend	ing prior to the con	nparative year			
has been estimated as follows:			2013	2012	2011
			R	R	R
In-service members Continuation members			14 448 503 35 725 476	13 165 926 35 000 845	10 271 948 32 199 354
Total Liability		=	50 173 979	48 166 771	42 471 302
		-			
Experience adjustments were calculated as	follows: 2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
	R	R	R	R	R
Liabilities: (Gain) / loss Assets: Gain / (loss)	132 000	349 000	491 000	(7 000)	2 966 000
The municipality makes monthly contribu	tions for health ca	ire arrangements	to the following		
medical aid schemes:					
Bonitas; LA Health; Samwumed; and Keyhealth.					
Key actuarial assumptions used:				2015	2014
,					
Discount rate Health Care Cost Inflation Rate Net Effective Discount Rate				8.52% 7.81% 0.67%	8.72% 7.99% 0.67%
The discount rate used is a composit technique known as "bootstrapping".	e of all governmen	t bonds and is ca	alculated using a		
ii) Mortality rates					
The PA 90 ultimate table, rated down by	y 1 year of age was	used by the actuar	ies.		
iii) Normal retirement age					
It has been assumed that in-service me		age 60, which the	n implicitly allows		
for expected rates of early and ill-health	retirement.				
				2015 R	2014 R
The amounts recognised in the Statemen	t of Financial Posit	tion are as follow	s:		
Present value of fund obligations			-	54 064 653	50 742 798
Net liability			=	54 064 653	50 742 798
The fund is wholly unfunded.					

The fund is wholly unfunded.

3 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

	2015 R	2014 R
Reconciliation of present value of fund obligation:		
Present value of fund obligation at the beginning of the year Total expenses	53 453 022 3 640 598	50 173 979 2 802 755
Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid	1 435 214 4 544 484 (2 339 100)	1 114 169 4 012 319 (2 323 733)
Actuarial losses / (gains)	(182 075)	476 288
Present value of fund obligation at the end of the year	56 911 545	53 453 022
Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6	(2 846 892)	(2 710 224)
Balance 30 June	54 064 653	50 742 798

Sensitivity Analysis on the Accrued Liability

Assumption Central Assumptions	Change	In-service members liability (Rm) 20.687	Continuation members liability (Rm) 36.224	Total liability (Rm) 56.911	% change
The effect of movements in the assumptio	ns are as follows				
Health care inflation	1%	25.075	39.684	64.759	14%
Health care inflation	-1%	17.211	33.211	50.422	-11%
Discount rate	1%	17.259	33.253	50.512	-11%
Discount rate	-1%	25.089	39.696	64.785	14%
Post-retirement mortality	-1 year	21.423	37.830	59.253	4%
Average retirement age	-1 year	22.366	36.224	58.590	3%
Continuation of membership at retirement	-10%	18.762	36.224	54.986	-3%

The Future-service Cost for the ensuing year is estimated to be R 1 524 403, whereas the Interest Cost for the next year is estimated to be R 4 732 712.

Assumption Central Assumptions	Change	Current- service Cost (Rm) 1.524	Interest Cost (Rm) 4.733	Total (Rm) 6.257	% change
The effect of movements in the assumptio	ns are as follows	5:			
Health care inflation	1%	1.871	5.402	7.273	16%
Health care inflation	-1%	1.254	4.180	5.433	-13%
Discount rate	1%	1.269	4.679	5.948	-5%
Discount rate	-1%	1.855	4.770	6.625	6%
Post-retirement mortality	-1 year	1.578	4.932	6.510	4%
Average retirement age	-1 year	1.651	4.876	6.527	4%
Continuation of membership at retirement	-10%	1.390	4.569	5.959	-5%

3 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

3.2	Long Service Bonuses				2015	2014
	The Long Service Bonus plans are defined be	enefit plans.				
	As at year end, the following number of emplo	oyees were eligible	for Long Service	e Bonuses.	291	279
	Key actuarial assumptions used:					
	i) Rate of interest					
	Discount rate General Salary Inflation (long-term) Net Effective Discount Rate applied to sa	lary-related Long §	Service Bonuses		7.79% 7.00% 0.73%	7.90% 7.09% 0.76%
	The discount rate used is a composite technique known as "bootstrapping"	of all governmen	t bonds and is o	calculated using a		
					2015 R	2014 R
	The amounts recognised in the Statement	of Financial Posit	tion are as follow	ws:		
	Present value of fund obligations				4 804 563	4 370 073
	Net liability			-	4 804 563	4 370 073
	The liability in respect of periods commencir has been estimated as follows:	ng prior to the con	nparative year			
				2013 R	2012 R	2011 R
	Total Liability			4 116 067	3 886 091	3 417 827
	Experience adjustments were calculated as for					
		2015 R	2014 R	2013 R	2012 R	2011 R
	Liabilities: (Gain) / loss	272 504	60 179	(46 194)	9 744	254 596
	Assets: Gain / (loss)	-	-	-	-	-
	Reconciliation of present value of fund obl	igation:			2015 R	2014 R
	Present value of fund obligation at the beginn Total expenses	ing of the year			4 370 073 223 035	4 116 067 270 427
	Current service cost Interest Cost Benefits Paid				282 189 327 560 (386 714)	418 217 283 760 (431 550)
	Actuarial losses / (gains)			L	211 455	(16 421)
	Present value of fund obligation at the end of	the year		-	4 804 563	4 370 073
	Less: Transfer of Current Portion - Note 6				(524 248)	(458 105)
	Balance 30 June			-	4 280 315	3 911 968
				=		

3 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)

Sensitivity Analysis on the Unfunded Accrued Liability

	Liability				
Assumption	Change	(Rm)	% change		
Central assumptions		4.805			
The effect of movements in the assumptions are as follows:					
General salary inflation	1%	5.107	6%		
General salary inflation	-1%	4.530	-6%		
Discount rate	1%	4.516	-6%		
Discount rate	-1%	5.129	7%		
Average retirement age	-2 yrs	3.927	-18%		
Average retirement age	2 yrs	5.546	15%		
Withdrawal rates	-50%	5.512	15%		

The Future-service Cost for the ensuing year is estimated to be R 343 706, whereas the Interest Cost for the next year is estimated to be R 354 191.

Assumption Central Assumption	Change	Current- service Cost (Rm) 0.344	Interest Cost (Rm) 0.354	Total (Rm) 0.698	% change
The effect of movements in the a	ssumptions are as follow	/s:			
General Salary Inflation	1%	0.374	0.378	0.752	8%
General Salary Inflation	-1%	0.317	0.333	0.650	-7%
Discount rate	1%	0.319	0.374	0.693	-1%
Discount rate	-1%	0.373	0.331	0.703	1%
Average retirement age	-2 year	0.292	0.286	0.578	-17%
Average retirement age	+2 year	0.391	0.412	0.803	15%
Withdrawal Rates	-50%	0.457	0.409	0.866	24%

3.3 Retirement funds

The Municipality requested detailed employee and pensioner information as well as information on the Municipality's share of the Pension and Retirement Funds' assets from the fund administrator. The fund administrator confirmed that assets of the Pension and Retirement Funds are not split per participating employer. Therefore, the Municipality is unable to determine the value of the plan assets as defined in the principles of GRAP 25.

As part of the Municipality's process to value the defined benefit liabilities, the Municipality requested pensioner data from the fund administrator. The fund administrator claims that the pensioner data is confidential and is not willing to share the information with the Municipality. Without detailed pensioner data the Municipality was unable to calculate a reliable estimate of the accrued liability in respect of pensioners who qualify for a defined benefit pension.

Therefore, although both the Cape Joint Pension Fund and Cape Joint Retirement Fund are defined as defined benefit plans, it will be accounted for as defined contribution plans.

	2015	2014
CAPE JOINT PENSION FUND	R	R
The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The latest available actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2014 revealed that the fund is in a sound financial position with a funding level of 100.2% (30 June 2013 - 99.2%).		
Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance	795 639	848 554

	2015 R	2014 R
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUE)	ĸ	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
CAPE RETIREMENT FUND		
The contribution rate payable is 9% by members and 18% by Council. The latest available actuarial valuation performed for the year ended 30 June 2014 revealed that the fund is in a sound financial position with a funding level of 112.6% (30 June 2013 - 105.1%).		
Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance	5 241 792	4 641 066
DEFINED CONTRIBUTION FUNDS		
Council also contribute to the Municipal Council Pension Fund and SAMWU National Provident Fund which are defined contribution funds. The retirement benefit fund is subject to the Pension Fund Act, 1956, with pension being calculated on the pensionable remuneration paid. Current contributions by Council are charged against expenditure on the basis of current service costs.		
Contributions paid recognised in the Statement of Financial Performance		
Municipal Councillors Pension Fund SAMWU National Provident Fund	82 847 1 246 105	69 629 1 208 491
	1 328 952	1 278 120
NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS		
Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites	18 431 649	7 838 715
Landfill Sites		
Balance 1 July Additions	7 838 715 9 665 249 927 686	7 210 784 - 627 931
Unwinding of discounted interest		7 838 715
Balance 30 June	18 431 649	7 838

The significant increase in estimate can mainly be attributed to changes in the rehabilitation requirements affecting different classes of landfill sites. The new requirements are more detailed in specific areas compared to the Minimum Requirements used in previous estimates up to 30 June 2014.

3

4

5

The municipality has an obligation to rehabilitate the following landfill sites at the end of the expected useful life of the asset. Details of the sites are as follows:

Location	<u>Estimated</u> <u>decommissio</u> <u>n date</u>	<u>Cost of rehabilitatio</u> the usefu	
Karwyderskraal	2042	18 431 649	7 838 715
CONSUMER DEPOSITS			
Electricity		11 820	11 820
Total Consumer Deposits		11 820	11 820

The fair value of consumer deposits approximate their carrying value. Interest are not paid on these amounts.

The decline in deposits can be attributed to the fact that a number of residents at Dennehof Resort did not renew their rental agreements.

	2015 R	2014 R
CURRENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
Current Portion of Post Retirement Benefits - Note 3	2 846 892	2 710 224
Current Portion of Long-Service Provisions - Note 3	524 248	458 105
Staff Leave	3 796 449	3 430 708
Bonuses	1 572 118	1 406 502
Total Current Employee Benefits	8 739 707	8 005 540
The movement in current employee benefits are reconciled as follows:		
Staff Leave		
Balance at beginning of year	3 430 708	2 987 959
Contribution to current portion	496 739	599 013
Expenditure incurred	(130 998)	(156 264)
Balance at end of year	3 796 449	3 430 708
Staff leave accrued to employees according to collective agreement. Provision is made for the full cost of accrued leave at reporting date. This provision will be realised as employees take leave. There is no possibility of reimbursement.		
Bonuses		
Balance at beginning of year	1 406 502	1 292 796
Contribution to current portion	3 443 732	3 067 098
Expenditure incurred	(3 278 116)	(2 953 391)
Balance at end of year	1 572 118	1 406 502
Bonuses are being paid to all municipal staff, excluding section 57 Managers. The balance at year end represent the portion of the bonus that have already vested for the current salary cycle. There is no possibility of reimbursement.		

7 PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

6

Trade Payables	725 501	741 789
Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.01		632 211 109 578
Payments received in advance Retentions and Guarantees	433 096 1 039 740	442 575 1 039 740
Sundry Deposits Suspense Accounts	31 335 149 113	30 735 124 753
Total Trade Payables	2 378 785	2 379 592

Payables are being recognised net of any discounts.

Payables are being paid within 30 days as prescribed by the MFMA. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other payables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary

The carrying value of trade and other payables approximates its fair value.

All payables are unsecured. The municipality did not default on any of their payables.

The municipality received a financial guarantee of R 1 039 740 (2014 - R 1 039 740) from the Department of Transport and Public Works for the rehabilitation of land.

Sundry deposits represents housing rent deposits.

		2015 R	2014 R
8 UNSPENT CO	ONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS		
Unspent Gran	ts	4 250 961	8 264 401
Provincial Gov	vernment Grants	4 250 961	8 264 401
Less: Unp	aid Grants	-	50 701
Provincial	Government Grants	-	50 701
Total Condition	onal Grants and Receipts	4 250 961	8 213 700
	Previously Reported n of error - Refer to Note 33.02		8 773 564 (559 864)
		-	8 213 700

See appendix "D" for reconciliation of grants from other spheres of government. The municipality recognised revenue to the extent of conditions attached to all grants complied with. No grants were withheld.

9 TAXES

9.1 VAT PAYABLE

	VAT Payable	131 468	113 105
	Total Vat payable	131 468	113 105
9.2	VAT RECEIVABLE		
	VAT Receivable	433 348	312 356
	Total VAT receivable	433 348	312 356
9.3	NET VAT RECEIVABLE	301 879	199 251

VAT is receivable/payable on the cash basis.

OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY

NOTES ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

30 JUNE 2015

Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land and Buildings	Infrastructure	Community Assets	Lease Assets	Other Assets	Total
	R	R	R	R	R	R
Carrying value at 1 July 2014	10 567 716	13 592 487	1 205 320	1 001 104	14 116 765	40 483 393
Cost	12 163 959	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	22 576 319	62 168 684
Original Cost	12 163 959	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	22 576 319	62 168 684
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 596 243)	(10 976 890)	(316 592)	(336 013)	(8 459 554)	(21 685 291)
Original Cost	(1 596 243)	(10 976 890)	(316 592)	(336 013)	(8 459 554)	(21 685 291)
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-	1 646 184	1 646 184
Depreciation	(77 964)	(725 811)	(17 659)	(327 988)	(1 002 793)	(2 152 215)
Normal Depreciation	(77 964)	(725 811)	(17 659)	(327 988)	(1 002 793)	(2 152 215)
Carrying value of disposals	-	-	-	-	(281 263)	(281 263)
Cost Accumulated Depreciation	-	-	-	-	(575 803) 294 540	(575 803) 294 540
Carrying value at 30 June 2015	 10 489 753	12 866 676	1 187 662	673 115	14 478 893	39 696 099
Cost	12 163 959	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	23 646 700	63 239 065
Original Cost	12 163 959	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	23 646 700	63 239 065
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 674 207)	(11 702 701)	(334 250)	(664 001)	(9 167 807)	(23 542 966)
Original Cost	(1 674 207)	(11 702 701)	(334 250)	(664 001)	(9 167 807)	(23 542 966)

The leased property, plant and equipment are secured as set out in note 2

30 June 2014

Reconciliation of Carrying Value	Land and R	Infrastructure R	Community R	Lease Assets R	Other Assets R	Total R
Carrying value at 30 June 2013	12 480 061	14 215 237	1 325 792	784 204	13 410 480	42 215 773
Cost	13 999 213	24 398 399	1 507 112	821 872	21 710 855	62 437 451
Original Cost	12 312 853	24 398 399	1 507 112	821 872	21 359 503	60 399 738
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.05 Change in Accounting Policy - Refer to Note 32	- 1 686 360	-	-	-	289 224 62 128	289 224 1 748 488
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 519 152)	(10 183 162)	(181 320)	(37 669)	(8 300 375)	(20 221 678)
Original Cost Correction of Error - Refer to Note 33.05	(1 519 152) -	(10 183 162) -	(181 320)	(37 669)	(8 137 277) (163 098)	(20 058 580) (163 098)
Acquisitions	-	170 978	14 800	515 244	1 279 634	1 980 657
Capital under Construction	-	-	-	-	653 954	653 954
Transfers from/(to) Investment Properties - Note 11	(111 000)	-	-	-	-	(111 000)
Cost	(111 000)	-	-	-	-	(111 000)
Impairments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impairments Correction of error - Refer to Disposals	-	-	-	-	(1 068 124) 1 068 124	(1 068 124) 1 068 124
Accumulated Depreciation Correction of error - Refer to Disposals	-	-	-	-	528 498 (528 498)	528 498 (528 498)
Depreciation	(77 091)	(793 728)	(135 271)	(298 344)	(687 677)	(1 992 111)
Normal Depreciation	(77 091)	(793 728)	(135 271)	(298 344)	(687 677)	(1 992 111)
Carrying value of disposals	(1 724 253)	-	-	-	(539 626)	(2 263 880)
Cost Change in Accounting Policy - Refer to Note 32 Correction of error - Refer to Impairments Correction of error - Refer to Impairments	(87 898) (1 636 355) -	-	-	-	- (1 068 124) 528 498	(87 898) (1 636 355) (1 068 124) 528 498
Carrying value at 30 June 2014	10 567 716	13 592 487	1 205 320	1 001 104	14 116 765	40 483 393
Cost	12 163 959	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	22 576 319	62 168 684
Original Cost	12 163 959	24 569 377	1 521 912	1 337 117	22 576 319	62 168 684
Accumulated Depreciation	(1 596 243)	(10 976 890)	(316 592)	(336 013)	(8 459 554)	(21 685 291)
Original Cost	(1 596 243)	(10 976 890)	(316 592)	(336 013)	(8 459 554)	(21 685 291)

	2015 R	2014 R
INVESTMENT PROPERTY		
Net Carrying amount at 1 July	111 000	-
Transfers from Property, Plant and equipment - Note 10	-	111 000
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	111 000	111 000
Cost	111 000	111 000

The property transferred from Property, Plant and Equipment relates to the Buffeljachts resort. Due to the fact that the property is totally covered by sand dunes, the property was classified as Investment Property with unidentified use.

No rental revenue was derived from any investment properties in the current year.

No repairs and maintenance cost were incurred on any investment properties in the current year.

12 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

11

Computer Software

Net Carrying amount at 1 July	274 895	342 978
Cost Accumulated Amortisation	788 520 (513 624)	788 520 (445 542)
Additions Amortisation	98 715 (59 453)	(68 083)
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	314 158	274 895
Cost Accumulated Amortisation	887 235 (573 077)	788 520 (513 624)
The following material intangible assets are included in the carrying value above		

		Carrying \	/alue
	Remaining Amortisation	2015	2014
Description	Period	R	R
Computer software installed on Council's coumputers	5 Years	314 158	274 895

No intangible assets were assessed having an indefinite useful life.

There are no internally generated intangible assets at reporting date.

There are no intangible assets whose title is restricted.

There are no intangible assets pledged as security for liabilities

There are no contractual commitments for the acquisition of intangible assets.

CAPITALISED RESTORATION COST

13

Net Carrving amount at 1 July

Cost	2 402 151	2 402 151
Accumulated Depreciation	(709 003)	(652 176)
Accumulated Impairments	(101 996)	(105 752)
Depreciation	(137 321)	(56 827)
Impairment	10 701	3 755
Additions	9 665 249	-
Net Carrying amount at 30 June	11 129 780	1 591 152
Cost	12 067 400	2 402 151
Accumulated Depreciation	(846 325)	(709 003)
Accumulated Impairments	(91 295)	(101 996)

Capitalised restoration costs relates to the rehabilitation of landfill sites which forms part of Land & Buildings as part of Property, Plant & Equipment.

1 644 223

1 591 152

		2015 R	2014 R
14	INVENTORY		
	Inventory Materials - At cost	929 573	1 039 175
	Printing & Stationary Fuel & Oil Spare Parts Grader Blades Cleaning Materials Other	20 251 705 837 90 496 92 366 4 671 15 952	17 262 873 329 28 468 99 883 9 905 10 328
	Total Inventory	929 573	1 039 175
	No inventory assets were pledged as security for liabilities.		
	Consumable stores materials written down due to losses (including obsolete items) as identified during the annual stores counts.	214 454	57 383
	Inventory recognised as an expense during the year.	8 255 356	9 001 455
15	RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS		
	Service Receivables	387 209	301 798
	Electricity Water Refuse Housing rental Sewerage	53 603 11 739 9 270 309 703 2 895	44 984 17 729 9 619 222 862 6 604
	Other Receivables	35 574 246	28 820 163
	Landfill Site Rehabilitation Cost Employee Benefits (Roads)	6 600 557 28 432 572	28 432 572
	Balance previously reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.04		- 28 432 572
	Accrued Interest Creditors paid in advance	1 705 539 412	- 387 591
	Total Receivables from Exchange Transactions Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts	35 961 455 (205 377)	29 121 962 (187 958)

Total Net Receivables from Exchange Transactions

Consumer debtors are payable within 30 days. This credit period granted is considered to be consistent with the terms used in the public sector, through established practices and legislation. Discounting of trade and other receivables on initial recognition is not deemed necessary.

28 934 004

35 756 078

15 RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

The "Landfill Site Rehabilition Cost" receivable relates to Cell 3 at the Karwyderskraal Landfill site currently being operated by Overstrand Municipality. In terms of the agreement between the municipality and Overstrand Municipality, Overstrand Municipality will be liable for all statutory costs resulting from the use of the landfill site. These costs include the rehabilitation cost which is estimated at R 6 600 557 on 30 June 2015. The construction of Cell 3 commenced in March 2015.

The "Employee Benefits (Roads)" receivable relates to the provision for Post Retirement Health Benefits and Long Service Awards made in respect of employees directly appointed for the Roads function performed on an agency basis on behalf of the Provincial Administration: Western Cape.

Ageing of Service Receivables from Exchange Transactions: <i>Electricityi: Ageing</i> Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 51 - 60 Days 53 - 60 Days 1988 1990 Bays Total <i>Gurrent</i> (0 - 30 days) 35 140 <i>Gurrent</i> (0 - 30 days) 1990 Bays 1990 Days 10902 1990 Days 10902 10903 10904 1910 Days 1910 Days 190 Days 10053 <th>function performed on an agency basis on behalf of the Provincial Administration: Western Cape.</th> <th>2015 R</th> <th>2014 R</th>	function performed on an agency basis on behalf of the Provincial Administration: Western Cape.	2015 R	2014 R
Current (0 - 30 days) 13 762 10 241 31 - 60 Days 736 5 863 61 - 90 Days 30 117 25 729 Total 53 603 44 994 <i>Matery: Ageing</i> 1525 2851 Current (0 - 30 days) 3 514 3 5752 31 - 60 Days 1525 2 851 61 - 90 Days 1525 2 851 61 - 90 Days 5 608 9 497 Total 11 739 17 729 <i>Refuse: Ageing</i> 1 579 1 388 Current (0 - 30 days) 1 579 1 388 61 - 90 Days 1 579 1 589 1 - 50 Days 1 562 7 37 1 - 50 Days 1 563 4 561 1 - 90 Days 1 563 4 561 1 - 90 D	Ageing of Service Receivables from Exchange Transactions:		
31 - 60 Days 7736 5 869 61 - 90 Days 30 117 25 729 Total 63 603 44 984 (Water): Ageing 1525 2 851 Current (0 - 30 days) 3 514 3 575 31 - 60 Days 1 525 2 851 61 - 90 Days 1 525 2 851 61 - 90 Days 1 525 2 851 61 - 90 Days 5 608 9 497 Total 117.79 1 729 Ikefuse): Ageing 1 579 1 386 Current (0 - 30 days) 1 579 1 386 61 - 90 Days 2 561 1 051 // Sewarage): Ageing 2 70 9 619 // Sewarage): Ageing 1 055 4 560 // Sewarage): Ageing	(Electricity): Ageing		
61-80 Days 30 117 25 729 Total 53 603 44 994 (Mater): Againg	Current (0 - 30 days)	13 762	10 241
+ 90 Days 30 117 25 729 Total 53 603 44 984 <i>MMter): Ageing</i> 3 514 3 575 Current (0 - 30 days) 3 514 3 575 31 - 60 Days 1 525 2 251 61 - 90 Days 1 092 1 000 + 90 Days 2 053 1 977 Total 11 739 17 729 <i>(Refuse): Ageing</i> 2 053 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 569 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 947 1 105 4 90 Days 4 5927 9 619 <i>(Refuse): Ageing</i> 2 053 1 947 51 - 60 Days 1 947 1 105 4 90 Days 4 589 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 <i>(Sewerag): Ageing</i> 2 265 1 947 51 - 60 Days 5 26 7 37 61 - 90 Days 1 053 4 640 1 - 60 Days 2 895 6 604 <i>(Housing rental): Ageing</i> 2 8 850 2 9 100 51 - 90	31 - 60 Days	7 736	5 869
Total 53 603 44 984 (Water): Ageing	61 - 90 Days	1 988	
Image: Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 3 514 3 575 51 - 60 Days 3 514 3 575 61 - 90 Days 1 602 1 806 + 90 Days 5 608 9 4497 Total 11 739 17 729 If Refuse): Ageing 2 053 1 947 Current (0 - 30 days) 2 053 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 579 1 388 61 - 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 ISewerage): Ageing 526 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 526 737 51 - 60 Days 526 737 61 - 60 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 Itous 2 895 6 604 Itous 1 8 80 19 850 61 - 90 Days 1 8 450 2 1850 61 - 90 Days 1 8 450 2 1850 61 - 90 Days 1 8 450 1 9 1500 <td>+ 90 Days</td> <td>30 117</td> <td>25 729</td>	+ 90 Days	30 117	25 729
Current (0 - 30 days) 3 514 3 575 31 - 60 Days 1 525 2 851 61 - 90 Days 1 002 1 000 + 90 Days 5 608 9 497 Total 11 739 17 729 /// Refuse): Ageing 2 053 1 947 Current (0 - 30 days) 2 053 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 057 1 388 61 - 90 Days 1 047 1 103 9 200 9 619 1 047 10 0ays 1 047 1 052 5 00 0ays 2 053 1 947 7 10 0 Days 4 592 5 177 Total 9 270 9 619 /Sewerage!: Ageing 789 7 37 Current (0 - 30 days) 7 89 7 37 5 0 0ays 5 26 7 37 61 - 90 Days 5 26 491 9 0ays 1 0 63 4 640 Total 2 8 85 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 19 8 50 19 8 50 11 - 60 Days <t< td=""><td>Total</td><td>53 603</td><td>44 984</td></t<>	Total	53 603	44 984
31 - 60 Days 1 525 2 651 61 - 90 Days 5068 9 497 Total 11 739 17 729 <i>(Refuse): Ageing</i> 2 053 1 947 Current (0 - 30 days) 2 053 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 579 1 388 61 - 90 Days 1 679 1 388 61 - 90 Days 1 047 1 105 9 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 <i>(Sewerage): Ageing</i> 526 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 4640 Total 2 895 6 604 <i>(Housing rental): Ageing</i> 10 53 4 440 Current (0 - 30 days) 10 53 4 540 01 - 60 Days 19 850 19 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 19 850 19 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 19 22 652 10 Days 19 0 Days 12 42 553 152 412 Total 30 9703 <td>(Water): Ageing</td> <td></td> <td></td>	(Water): Ageing		
61 - 90 Days 1 092 1 806 + 90 Days 5 608 9 497 Total 11 739 11 729 (Refuse): Ageing 2 053 1 947 Current (0 - 30 days) 2 053 1 947 5 1 - 90 Days 1 047 1 105 61 - 90 Days 1 047 1 105 + 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 (Sewerage): Ageing 526 7 37 Current (0 - 30 days) 789 7 37 51 - 90 Days 526 7 37 61 - 90 Days 526 4 592 (Sewerage): Ageing 1053 4 640 Current (0 - 30 days) 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 1 8 50 1 8 850 Current (0 - 30 days) 1 8 450 1 8 50 51 - 90 Days 1 8 450 1 2 2 2 8 25 14 - 90 Days 1 4 450 2 1 500 14 90 Days 1 4 450 2 1 500 14 90 Days 1 2 4 2 6 24 3 1 2 2 8 62	Current (0 - 30 days)	3 514	3 575
+ 90 Days 5 608 9 497 Total 11 739 17 729 (Refuse): Ageing 2 053 1 947 Current (0 - 30 days) 2 053 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 659 1 859 61 - 90 Days 1 9270 9 619 Sewerage): Ageing 9 270 9 619 Current (0 - 30 days) 789 737 7 total 9 270 9 619 Sewerage): Ageing 266 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 789 737 526 737 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 737 10 503 4 640 1053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 Ithousing rental): Ageing 2 850 2 9 100 Current (0 - 30 days) 18 850 18 850 2 850 2 9 100 11 - 80 Days 18 450 2 12 53 12 22 852 12 800 61 - 90 Days 18 450 2 12 12 13 450 2 12 12 Total 309 703 22 2 852 12 22 852 12 20 20 53 12 22 12 1	31 - 60 Days	1 525	
Total 11739 17729 (Refuse): Ageing 2053 1947 Current (0 - 30 days) 1679 1388 61 - 90 Days 1047 1105 1 - 90 Days 1477 105 1 - 90 Days 1477 105 1 - 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 (Sewerage): Ageing 266 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 526 737 51 - 90 Days 526 460 + 90 Days 526 460 + 90 Days 1053 4640 1 - 90 Days 1053 4640 1 - 90 Days 1053 4500 1 - 90 Days 1053 1850 1 - 90 Days 1850 19850 1 - 90 Days 22855 6604 (Housing rental): Ageing 242553 152412 Current (0 - 30 days) 309 703 222 662 (I otal): Ageing 309 703 222 662 (I otal): Ageing <			
IRefuse): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 2 053 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 579 1 388 61 - 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Yotal 9 270 9 619 Image: Severage): Ageing 9 270 9 619 Severage): Ageing 789 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 789 737 31 - 60 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 491 + 90 Days 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 Housing rental): Ageing 1 053 4 640 Current (0 - 30 days) 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 22 852 162 90 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 If total 309 973 <	+ 90 Days	5 608	9 497
Current (0 - 30 days) 2 053 1 947 31 - 60 Days 1 579 1 388 61 - 90 Days 1 047 1 105 + 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 (Sewerage): Ageing 526 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 526 737 31 - 60 Days 526 737 41 - 90 Days 526 737 51 - 90 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 491 1 053 4 640 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 1 053 4 840 (Housing rental): Ageing 1 850 19 850 19 850 Current (0 - 30 days) 2 9 850 2 9 100 18 450 21 500 1 - 90 Days 1 8 450 1 503 1 520 1 520 + 90 Days 2 4 2 553 1 52 412 1 500 1 8 450 21 500 + 90 Days 2 4 2 553 1 52 412 1 500 1 8 450 21 500	Total	11 739	17 729
31 - 60 Days 1 579 1 388 61 - 90 Days 1 047 1 105 + 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 (Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 789 737 51 - 90 Days 526 491 + 90 Days 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 2 9 Current (0 - 30 days) 24 2 553 152 01 31 - 60 Days 18 850 21 900 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 49 0 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 I Total 309 703 222 862 I Total 309 216 30 9216 J - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 4 90 Days 23 104 28 048	(Refuse): Ageing		
61 - 90 Days 1 047 1 105 + 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 (Sewerage): Ageing 789 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 737 526 31 - 60 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 491 + 90 Days 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 1 8 850 19 850 Current (0 - 30 days) 24 855 152 412 O Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing 30 9703 222 862 (Jobays) 3 0 216 30 695 31 - 60 Days 3 0 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days<	Current (0 - 30 days)	2 053	1 947
+ 90 Days 4 592 5 179 Total 9 270 9 619 (Sewerage): Ageing 200 9 619 Current (0 - 30 days) 737 526 737 31 - 60 Days 526 491 526 491 + 90 Days 526 491 1053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 Current (0 - 30 days) 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 18 450 21 500 61 - 90 Days 242 553 152 412 750 12 28 82 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 152 412 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 152 412 Total 309 9703 222 862 152 412 Total 309 9703 223 822 192 456 Gurrent (0 - 30 days) 30 216 30 695 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 28	5		
Total 9 270 9 619 (Sewerage): Ageing (Sewerage): Ageing 789 737 Current (0 - 30 days) 526 737 526 737 31 - 60 Days 526 737 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 491 552 464 Total 2895 6 604 1053 4 640 Total 2895 6 604 1053 4 640 (Housing rental): Ageing 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 850 19 850 14 450 21 500 152 412 Outrent (0 - 30 days) 242 553 152 412 309 703 222 862 // Total 309 703 222 862 152 412 300 216 30 216 30 216 30 850 17 - 60 Days 30 216 30 216 30 216 30 869 30 216 30 869 30 216 30 869 30 216 30 869 30 216 30 895 30 216 30 895 30 216 30 804 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
(Sewerage): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 789 737 31 - 60 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 491 + 90 Days 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 + 90 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing 309 703 222 862 Current (0 - 30 days) 30 216 30 695 51 - 90 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 23 104 28 048	-		
Current (0 - 30 days) 789 737 31 - 60 Days 526 737 + 90 Days 526 491 + 90 Days 1053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 2 850 29 100 Current (0 - 30 days) 29 850 29 100 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 18 450 21 500 + 90 Days 12 4553 152 412 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 150 152 412 Current (0 - 30 days) 30 216 30 695 30 216 30 695 51 - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 51 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 23 304 28 3 922 197 456	Total	9 270	9 619
31 - 60 Days 526 737 61 - 90 Days 526 491 + 90 Days 1 053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 90 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 243 922 197 456	(Sewerage): Ageing		
61 - 90 Days 526 491 + 90 Days 1053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 2 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 152 412 Current (0 - 30 days) 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days Current (0 - 30 days) 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 283 922 197 456	Current (0 - 30 days)		
+ 90 Days 1053 4 640 Total 2 895 6 604 (Housing rental): Ageing 29 850 29 100 31 - 60 Days 29 850 29 100 61 - 90 Days 18 850 19 850 rotal 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing 309 703 222 862 Current (0 - 30 days) 49 967 45 600 31 - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 90 Days 23 104 28 048 90 Days 23 104 28 048			
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31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 + 90 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 49 967 45 600 31 - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 283 922 197 456	(Housing rental): Ageing		
31 - 60 Days 18 850 19 850 61 - 90 Days 18 450 21 500 + 90 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 49 967 45 600 31 - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 283 922 197 456	Current (0 - 30 days)	29 850	29 100
+ 90 Days 242 553 152 412 Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing	31 - 60 Days	18 850	19 850
Total 309 703 222 862 (Total): Ageing 49 967 45 600 Current (0 - 30 days) 49 967 45 600 31 - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 283 922 197 456			
(Total): Ageing Current (0 - 30 days) 31 - 60 Days 61 - 90 Days 23 104 283 922 197 456	+ 90 Days	242 553	152 412
Current (0 - 30 days)49 96745 60031 - 60 Days30 21630 69561 - 90 Days23 10428 048+ 90 Days283 922197 456	Total	309 703	222 862
31 - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 283 922 197 456	(Total): Ageing		
31 - 60 Days 30 216 30 695 61 - 90 Days 23 104 28 048 + 90 Days 283 922 197 456	Current (0 - 30 days)	49 967	45 600
+ 90 Days 283 922 197 456			
Total <u>387 209</u> 301 798			
	Total	387 209	301 798

15 RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

	R	R
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts		
Balance at beginning of year	187 958	344 085
Contribution to provision	74 806	61 095
Bad Debts Written Off	(57 388)	(217 221)
Balance at end of year	205 377	187 958
The Devicing for low simple to call be allocated by the different devices of		

2015

2014

The Provision for Impairment could be allocated between the different classes of receivables as follows:

	205 377	187 958
Housing rental	161 017	141 812
Refuse	4 907	6 127
Water	4 948	6 728
Electricity	34 504	33 292

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.

16 RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Other Receivables	1 749 120	2 238 604
Provincial health function Electricity Deposits - Provincial clinics Legal fees Sundry Debtors	21 825 - 42 260 1 655 323	39 906 3 874 81 416 1 820 806
Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.03		1 550 937 269 869
Suspense Debtors	29 712	292 602
Total Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions Less: Allowance for Doubtful Debts	1 749 120 (272 101)	2 238 604 (628 163)
Total Net Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	1 477 019	1 610 441
Reconciliation of Provision for Bad Debts		
Balance at beginning of year Contribution to provision/(Reversal of provision) Bad Debts Written Off	628 163 (46 642) (309 420)	874 987 269 232 (516 056)
Balance at end of year	272 101	628 163
The Provision for Impairment could be allocated between the different classes of receivables as follow	ws:	
Provincial health function Electricity Deposits - Provincial clinics Legal fees Sundry Debtors Suspense Debtors	- 17 370 254 731 -	434 197 193 966

628 163

272 101

16 RECEIVABLES FROM NON-EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

17

18

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited due to the municipality's large number of customers. The municipality's historical experience in collection of trade receivables falls within recorded allowances. Due to these factors, management believes that no additional risk beyond amounts provided for collection losses is inherent in the municipality's trade receivables.

		2015 R	2014 R
7	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Assets		
	Call Investments and Other Deposits Bank Accounts	11 810 186 2 544 164	7 693 030
	Cash Floats	2 544 164 4 900	7 012 571 3 950
	Total Cash and Cash Equivalents - Assets	14 359 250	14 709 550
	Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash held and short term deposits. The carrying amount of these assets approximates their fair value.		
	The municipality does not have an overdraft facility		
	The municipality has the following bank accounts:		
	Current Accounts		
	Cash book balance at beginning of year Cash book balance at end of year	7 012 571 2 544 164	12 483 278 7 012 571
	ABSA - Account Number 1780000062		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year	7 059 622 2 737 893	213 944 7 059 622
	FNB - Account Number 62270787412		
	Bank statement balance at beginning of year Bank statement balance at end of year	237 129	12 356 430 237 129
	Call Investments and Other Deposits		
	Call investments and other deposits consist out of the following accounts:		
	ABSA Depositor Plus - Account Number 92 8755 1045	10 619 221	6 566 087
	ABSA Depositor Plus - Account Number 92 8755 0641	1 190 965 11 810 186	1 126 942
_			
8	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES		
	Unconditional Grants	50 397 000	46 637 000
	Equitable Share	50 397 000	46 637 000
	Conditional Grants	57 837 574	55 669 069
	Grants and donations Subsidies	4 676 075 53 161 500	4 423 347 51 245 722
		L] [
	Total Government Grants and Subsidies	108 234 574	102 306 069

18 GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)

В	GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)	2015 R	2014 R
	Disclosed as:	K	K
	Revenue from non-exchange transactions	55 198 408	51 684 165
	Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07		51 124 301 559 864
	Revenue from exchange transactions (Road Subsidy)	53 036 166	50 621 904
	Total Government Grants and Subsidies	108 234 574	102 306 069
	The municipality does not expect any significant changes to the level of grants.		
18.1	Equitable share		
	Grants received Conditions met	50 397 000 (50 397 000)	46 637 000 (46 637 000)
	Conditions still to be met	-	-
	The Equitable Share is the unconditional share of the revenue raised nationally and is being allocated in terms of Section 214 of the Constitution (Act 108 of 1996) to the municipality by the National Treasury.		
18.2	Health and Road Subsidy		
	Opening balance Grants received Conditions met	5 553 355 49 205 416 (53 161 500)	8 153 997 48 645 080 (51 245 722)
	Conditions still to be met	1 597 271	5 553 355
	Health subsidies was used to fund expenditure incurred for continued benefits of primary health care personnel previously employed by the municipality. The road subsidy is utilised to upgrade the provincial road network in the municipal area.		
18.3	Local Government Financial Management Grant (FMG)		
	Grants received Conditions met	1 250 000 (1 250 000)	1 250 000 (1 250 000)
	Conditions still to be met		-
	The Financial Management Grant is paid by National Treasury to municipalities to help implement the financial reforms required by the Municipal Finance Management Act (MFMA), 2003. The FMG Grant also pays for the cost of the Financial Management Internship Programme (e.g. salary costs of the Financial Management Interns).		
18.4	Municipal Systems Improvement Grant		
	Opening balance Grants received Conditions met	(50 701) 934 000 (883 299)	890 000 (940 701)
	Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07		(890 000) (50 701)
	Grant to be recovered		(50 701)

The MSIG was used for building in-house capacity to perform municipal functions and stabilise institutional and governance systems.

18 GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES (CONTINUED)

	R	2014 R
8.5 Other Grants		
Opening balance Grants received Conditions met Grants repaid to Provincial Treasury	2 711 046 2 880 098 (2 542 776) (394 679)	2 791 306 2 152 387 (2 232 646) -
Conditions still to be met	2 653 689	2 711 046
Various grants were received from other spheres of government.		
18.6 Total Grants		
Opening balance Grants received Conditions met Grants repaid to Provincial Treasury	8 213 700 104 666 514 (108 234 574) (394 679)	10 945 303 99 574 466 (102 306 069) -
Conditions still to be met	4 250 961	8 213 700
Disclosed as follows:		
Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts	4 250 961	8 264 401
SERVICE CHARGES		
Refuse removal Water, Electricity and Sewerage	23 210 634 838	27 798 617 865
	658 048	645 663
Total Service Charges	658 048	645 663
OTHER INCOME		
Sundry Income	483 536	838 102
Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07		568 233 269 869
Landfill Site Rehabilitation Cost - Overstrand Municipality Waste Management Operational Cost Recovered	6 600 557 507 182	-
Total Other Income	7 591 275	838 102
Sundry income represents sundry income such as building plans, sale of sundry items (wood, sand and stones), fees for items not included under service charges (camping, fire brigade and impounding fees) and the rehabilitation cost for an additional cell at Karwyderskraal Tipsite.		
Refer to note 15 for further detail regarding the Landfill Site Rehabilitation Cost recovered from Overstrand Municipality		

21 RENTAL OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT

19

20

22

11 352 227 36 637 100 551	10 612 619 39 770 65 735
11 498 416	10 718 124
4 798 966	4 489 097
4 798 966	4 489 097
	36 637 109 551 11 498 416 4 798 966

Bargaining Council Levy 24 591 Bonus 3 443 732 3	989 563 22 162 067 098
Bargaining Council Levy 24 591 Bonus 3 443 732 3	22 162 067 098
Bonus 3 443 732 3	067 098
Contributions for UIF, pensions and medical aids 10 676 566 9	740.000
	749 232
	871 226
Housing Subsidy 169 073	162 153
	599 013
Long service awards 282 189	418 217
Balance Previously Reported	701 977
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07	283 760)
Overtime 1 885 415 1	364 977
Post Employment Health 1 435 214 1	114 169
Balance Previously Reported 5	126 488
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07 (4	012 319)
Skills development levy 556 664	491 762
	947 393
Balance Previously Reported 4	942 414
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07	4 979
Workmen's Compensation Contributions 419 971	416 759
Total Employee Related Costs76 721 24768	213 725

KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

The Municipal Manager and the Director Management Services/CFO are appointed on fixed term contracts.

REMUNERATION OF KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Remuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr MP Du Plessis (1 July 2013 - 13 November 2013)		
Annual Remuneration	-	324 639
Lump sum : Settlement	-	369 364
Housing Subsidy	-	849
Travelling, car and other allowances	-	7 285
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	-	87 150
Total	-	789 286
Remuneration of the Municipal Manager - Mr DP Beretti		
Annual Remuneration	1 176 800	647 375
Back Pay	7 049	-
Travelling , car and other allowances	131 855	42 899
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	14 776	8 055
Total	1 330 480	698 329
Remuneration of the Manager Disaster Management - Mr R Geldenhuys (1 March 2015 - 31 May 2	2015)	
Annual Remuneration	88 395	-
Acting allowance as Director Community Services	8 840	-
Travelling , car and other allowances	80 764	-
Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	30 828	-
Total =	208 826	-

		2015	2014
23	EMPLOYEE RELATED COSTS (CONTINUED)	R	R
	Remuneration of the Manager Municipal Health - Mr WA Du Toit		
	Annual Remuneration	-	331 092
	Acting allowance as Director Community Services and Municipal Manager	-	124 056
	Annual Bonus	-	27 591
	Travelling, car and other allowances	-	169 190
	Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	-	103 620
			755 550
	Remuneration of the Director Management Services / CFO - Mr JCP Tesselaar		
	Annual Remuneration	882 000	343 000
	Travelling , car and other allowances	119 386	34 920
	Contributions to UIF, Medical, Pension Funds and Bargaining Council	11 659	4 492
	Total	1 013 044	382 412
24	REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS		
	Mayor	808 988	832 546
	Deputy Mayor	438 925	452 134
	Speaker	684 138	697 340
	Mayoral Committee Members	1 337 695	1 443 314
	Councillors	1 726 118	1 719 121
	Total Councillors' Remuneration	4 995 864	5 144 455

In-kind Benefits

The Executive Mayor and all the committee members are full-time. The Mayoral Committee Members are provided with secretarial support and an office at the cost of the Council.

Remuneration of the Mayor - Mr L De Bruyn		
Annual Remuneration	583 982	608 128
Travelling , car and other allowances	117 691	121 766
Cellphone and Data	24 468	23 388
Contributions to Medical, Pension Funds	82 847	79 264
Total =	808 988	832 546
Remuneration of the Deputy Mayor - Mr J Du Toit Loubser		
Annual Remuneration	263 437	284 687
Travelling, car and other allowances	138 488	126 979
Cellphone and Data	-	5 787
Contributions to Medical, Pension Funds	37 000	34 680
Total	438 925	452 134
Remuneration of the Speaker - Mr D Du Toit		
Annual Remuneration	453 951	472 515
Travelling, car and other allowances	205 719	200 837
Cellphone and Data	24 468	23 988
Total	684 138	697 340

		2015 R	2014 R
24	REMUNERATION OF COUNCILLORS (CONTINUED)		
	Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr A Franken		
	Annual Remuneration	425 580	442 982
	Travelling , car and other allowances	170 256	187 186
	Cellphone and Data	24 468	23 388
	Total	620 303	653 557
	Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr IM Sileku		
	Annual Remuneration	255 349	260 721
	Travelling , car and other allowances	106 245	110 629 5 787
	Cellphone and Data		
	Total	361 594	377 137
	Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr KJ Tiemie		
	Annual Remuneration	255 349	260 721
	Travelling , car and other allowances Cellphone and Data	100 449	118 829 5 787
	Total	355 798	385 337
	Total		385 337
	Remuneration of the member of the EMC - Mr LD Oosthuizen		
	Annual Remuneration	-	25 903
	Cellphone and Data	-	1 380
	Total	<u> </u>	27 283
	Remuneration of other Councilors		
	Annual Remuneration	1 109 765	1 128 672
	Travelling , car and other allowances	431 197	414 951
	Cellphone and Data Contributions to Medical, Pension Funds	146 808 38 348	135 357 40 141
	Total	1 726 118	1 719 121
	i otai	1720110	1713121
25	DEBT IMPAIRMENT		
	Receivables from exchange transactions - Note 15	74 806	61 095
	Receivables from non-exchange transactions - Note 16	(46 642)	269 232
	Total Contribution to Debt Impairment	28 164	330 327
26	DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION		
	Property, Plant and Equipment	2 152 215	2 019 378
	Balance Previously Reported		1 992 111
	Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07		27 267
	Landfill Site Intangible Assets	137 321 59 453	56 827 68 083
	Total Depreciation and Amortisation	2 348 990	2 144 288
27	IMPAIRMENTS/(IMPAIRMENTS RECOVERED)		
	Landfill Site Property, Plant and Equipment	(10 701) -	(3 755)
	Balance Previously Reported Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07		539 626 (539 626)
	Total Impairments/(Impairments Recovered)	(10 701)	(3 755)
			(5755)

28 REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE

29

30

REPAIRS AND MAINTENANCE		
	2015	2014
	R	R
Vehicles	3 806 205	3 259 958
Equipment	1 761 657	851 486
Buildings	478 095	396 774
Roads Other	6 579 420 427 011	8 549 196 392 459
Total Repairs and Maintenance	13 052 388	13 449 873
	13 032 300	13 443 073
FINANCE CHARGES		
Long-term Liabilities	98 369	167 369
Finance leases	51 501	65 927
Landfill Site	927 686	627 931
Post Employment Health	4 544 484	4 012 319
Balance Previously Reported	-	
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07	-	4 012 319
_ong Service Awards	327 560	283 760
Balance Previously Reported	-	-
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07	-	283 760
Total finance charges	5 949 599	5 157 305
GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES		
Grants made	5 000	-

Total Grants and Subsidies	5 000	-
		. <u></u>
Grants made	5 000	-

31 GENERAL EXPENSES

	2015 R	2014 R
Audit Fees	2 355 862	2 187 235
Bank Charges	56 005	51 635
Blades	403 099	375 877
Burning Fuel	364 192	367 104
Cleaning materials	98 062	87 940
Editing and Translating	9 561	-
Equipment rental	14 652	28 355
Fuel Cost	8 509 042	8 930 942
Insurance	462 736	516 927
Legal Cost	211 979	581 199
Balance Previously Reported	- [574 249
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07	-	6 950
Marketing cost	24 230	-
Membership Fees	671 262	480 168
Balance Previously Reported	-	444 637
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07	-	35 531
Municipal services	4 451 662	4 117 442
Oil	157 765	182 060
Printing and stationery	534 134	329 811
Professional Fees	1 588 794	2 887 231
Safety clothes	380 235	411 513
Security services	4 208	5 046
Settlement Payment	50 000	-
Standby Chopper	531 467	475 451
Telephone	1 587 702	1 448 423
Training	302 983	461 361
Travel and subsistence	249 809	221 622
Tyres	1 393 880	1 291 669
Other	1 222 853	1 500 159
Balance Previously Reported	-	1 557 542
Correction of error - Refer to Note 33.07		(57 383)
Total General Expenses	25 636 174	26 939 169

32	CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY IN TERMS OF GRAP 3	2014 R
	Assets held for Sale	
	Balance Previously Reported Reallocation of Assets on 30 June 2014 - Refer to Note 33.05	112 133 (112 133)
	Property, Plant and Equipment : Land and Buildings Property, Plant and Equipment : Other Assets	(50 005) (62 128)
	The effect on Property Plant and Equipment can be illustrated as follows:	
	Effect on Property Plant and Equipment - 30 June 2013	1 748 488
	Property, Plant and Equipment : Land and Buildings (Cost) Property, Plant and Equipment : Other Assets (Cost)	1 686 360 62 128

Effect on Property Plant and Equipment during 2013/2014 (Disposals)

Property, Plant and Equipment : Land and Buildings (Cost)

The change in accounting policy relates to the amendments included in GRAP 100 - "Discontinued Operations". The amendments require that assets held for sale shall not be reallocated to a separate line item in the statement of financial position. The transitional provision on initial adoption of GRAP 100 requires that:

- Changes to the way in which non-current assets held for sale are measured, shall be applied
 prospectively at the beginning of the period in which these amendments are adopted.
- Changes to the way in which non-current assets held for sale are classified and presented on the statement of financial position and accompanying notes, shall be applied retrospectively by adjusting information or the earliest period presented.

33 CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3

Certain errors were detected which relates to prior years and were also restated retrospectively. The effects of these restatements are listed below.

33.01 PAYABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

Balance previously reported	2 270 014
Correction of SALGA Membership Fees not paid on 30 June 2014 - Refer to Note 33.07	35 531
Correction of Legal Cost not paid on 30 June 2014 - Refer to Note 33.07	6 950
Correction of Repairs and Maintenance Cost not paid on 30 June 2014 - Refer to Note 33.07	62 118
Correction of Transport Allowance not paid on 30 June 2014 - Refer to Note 33.07	4 979
Restated balance on 30 June 2014	2 379 592

33.02 UNSPENT CONDITIONAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS AND RECEIPTS

Balance previously reported	8 773 564
Correction of Creditor not paid on 30 June 2014 - Refer to Note 33.07	(50 701)
Recover shortfall on roads claim during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 33.07	(509 163)
Restated balance on 30 June 2014	8 213 700

(1 636 355)

(1 636 355)

		2014 R
33	CORRECTION OF ERROR IN TERMS OF GRAP 3 (CONTINUED)	
33.03	RECEIVABLES FROM NON EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	
	Balance previously reported Correction of Refund to Council due to Overpayment to Cape Joint Pension Fund - Refer to Note 33.07	1 340 572 269 869
	Restated balance on 30 June 2014	1 610 441
33.04	RECEIVABLES FROM EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS	
	Balance previously reported Recognise Long Service Awards and Post Retirement Benefits to be recovered from Provincial Roads Department up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to Note 33.06	501 432 28 432 572
	Restated balance on 30 June 2014	28 934 004
33.05	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	
	Balance previously reported Reallocation of Assets Held for Sale - Change in Accounting Policy in terms of Grap 3 - Refer to Note 32 Correction of Depreciation - Assets Recognised for the first time - Refer to Note 33.07 Correction of Assets - Recognised for the first time - Refer to Note 33.06 Correction of Assets - Incorrectly Impair in 2013/2014 - Refer to Note 33.07 Correction of Depreciation - Assets incorrectly Impair in 2013/2014 - Refer to Note 33.07 Correction of Depreciation - Assets Recognised for the first time - Refer to Note 33.06 Correction of Depreciation - Assets Recognised for the first time - Refer to note 33.06	40 245 133 112 133 (27 267) 231 412 57 812 (28 369) 4 132 (111 593)
	Restated balance on 30 June 2014	40 483 393
33.06	ACCUMULATED DEFICIT	
	Balance previously reported	(23 691 881)
	Correction of Assets - Recognised for the first time - Refer to Note 33.05 Recognise Long Service Awards and Post Retirement Benefits to be recovered from Provincial Roads Department up to 30 June 2013 - Refer to Note 33.04	231 412 28 432 572
	Correction of Depreciation - Assets first time recognised on 30 June 2012 - Refer to Note 33.05 Correction of Depreciation - Incorrectly Calculated - Refer to Note 33.05	(111 593) 4 132
	Corrections up to 30 June 2013 Corrections during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 33.07	28 556 523 722 331
	Restated balance on 30 June 2014	5 586 973

33.07 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

	2014 R
Balance previously reported	(2 475 279)
Correction - Government Grants and Subsidies	
Correction of Government Grants and Subsidies - Refer to Note 33.02 Recover shortfall on roads claim during 2013/2014 - Refer to note 33.02	50 701 509 163
Correction - Other Income	
Correction of Refund to Council due to Overpayment to Cape Joint Pension Fund - Refer to Note 33.03	269 869
Correction - Employee Related Costs	
Correction of Transport Allowance - Refer to Note 33.01 Correction of Interest Cost Post Employment Health to Finance Charges Correction of Interest Cost Long Service Awards to Finance Charges	(4 979) 4 012 319 283 760
Correction - Depreciation and Amortisation Correction of Depreciation on Assets Recognised for the first time - Refer to Note 32.05	(27 267)
Correction - Repairs and Maintenance	
Correction of Repairs and Maintenance - Refer to Note 32.01	(62 118)
Correction - Stock Adjustments Correction of allocation from General Expenses	(57 383)
Correction - Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment Correction of allocation from Impairments	(510 184)
Correction - Impairments Correction of allocation to Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment Correction of Assets incorrectly Impair - Refer to Note 32.05	510 184 29 443
Correction - Finance Charges	
Correction of Interest Cost Post Employment Health from Employee Related Costs Correction of Interest Cost Long Service Awards from Employee Related Costs Correction - General Expenses	(4 012 319) (283 760)
Correction of allocation to Stock Adjustments Correction of Legal Cost not paid on 30 June 2014 - Refer to Note 33.01 Correction of SALGA Membership Fees - Refer to Note 33.01	57 383 (6 950) (35 531)
Restated balance on 30 June 2014	(1 752 948)

The municipality incorrectly disclosed the following provision for rehabilitation as part of the financial instruments disclosure. The provision does not meet the definition of a financial instrument.

Provision for Rehabilitation of Landfill-sites	7 838 715
Retentions and Guarantees incorrectly excluded from disclosure	1 039 740

		2015 R	2014 R
34	RECONCILIATION BETWEEN NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) FOR THE YEAR AND CASH GENERATED BY OPERATIONS		
	Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	4 850 077	(1 752 948)
	Adjustments for:		
	Depreciation	2 289 537	2 076 205
	Amortisation of Intangible Assets	59 453	68 083
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	281 263	510 184
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(407 482)
	Debt Impairment	74 806	330 327
	Reversal of debt impairment Bad debts written off	(46 642)	-
	Contribution to bonuses	(366 807) 165 616	(733 278) 113 706
	Contribution to staff leave	365 741	442 749
	Contribution from/to employee benefits	6 589 447	5 828 465
	Unwinding of Interest on Provision for Landfill Sites	927 686	627 931
	Non-current Employee benefits - expenditure incurred	(2 725 815)	(2 755 283)
	Actuarial Losses	211 455	476 288
	Actuarial Gains	(182 075)	(16 421)
	Stock Adjustments	214 454	57 383
	Net Impairment written off	(10 701)	(3 755)
	Grants Received Grants Expenditure	104 666 514 (108 234 574)	99 574 466 (102 306 069)
	Grants repaid to Provincial Treasury	(394 679)	(102 300 009)
	Operating Surplus before changes in working capital Changes in working capital	8 734 755 (6 558 297)	2 130 550 1 106 307
	Increase/(Decrease) in Payables from Exchange Transactions	(807)	1 152 375
	Increase in Taxes	(102 628)	(64 587)
	Increase in Inventory	(104 853)	(171 943)
	(Increase)/Decrease in Receivables from Exchange and Non-Exchange	(6 350 009)	190 462
	Cash generated by operations	2 176 458	3 236 857
35	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	Cash and cash equivalents included in the cash flow statement comprise the following:		
	Call Investments Deposits - Note 17	11 810 186	7 693 030
	Cash Floats - Note 17	4 900	3 950
	Bank - Note 17	2 544 164	7 012 571
	Total cash and cash equivalents	14 359 250	14 709 550
36	RECONCILIATION OF AVAILABLE CASH AND INVESTMENT RESOURCES		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents - Note 35	14 359 250	14 709 550
	Less:	14 359 250 4 250 961	14 709 550 8 264 401
	Less. Unspent Committed Conditional Grants - Note 8	4 250 961	8 264 401
	Resources available for working capital requirements	10 108 289	6 445 149

		2015 R	2014 R
37	UTILISATION OF LONG-TERM LIABILITIES RECONCILIATION		
	Long-term Liabilities - Note 2 Used to finance property, plant and equipment - at cost	1 479 897 (1 479 897)	2 261 755 (2 261 755)
	Cash set aside for the repayment of long-term liabilities	-	-
	Cash invested for repayment of long-term liabilities		-

Long-term liabilities have been utilized in accordance with the Municipal Finance Management Act.

38 BUDGET COMPARISONS

In order to comply with the requirements of GRAP 24.12 and GRAP 24.27, all required disclosures are included in pages 7 to 12.

Differences were identified between the disclosure requirements in terms of GRAP and the reporting requirements in terms of National Treasury budget formats

The following items are affected by these classification differences:

Statement of financial position

Consumer debtors in budget statements consist only out of Receivables from Exchange Transactions.

The budget formats does not allow for various sundry debtor balances to be disclosed separately. For this reason, Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions and Taxes are all incorporated under Other Receivables.

Included in Trade and other payables per budget statement are Payables from Exchange Transactions as well as Unspent Conditional Government Grants and Receipts.

Employee benefits and Provisions (current and non-current) are disclosed separately in the financial statements while these figures are aggregated in the budget statements.

Statement of financial performance

The statement of financial performance is comparable on a line by line basis except for the following items:

The budget statements does not provide for all the different revenue classifications per statement of financial performance. For this reason, all line items not specifically catered for is incorporated under the line item Other Revenue in the budget statement. Other revenue per budget statement consist out of the following line items - Public Contributions and donations, Other Income and Third Party Payments.

Depreciation/Amortisation and Impairments are disclosed seperately in the financial statements while these figures are aggregated in the budget statements.

The budget statements does not provide for all the different expenditure classifications per statement of financial performance. For this reason, all line items not specifically catered for is incorporated under the line item Other Expenditure in the budget statement. Other Expenditure per budget statement consist out of the following line items - General Expenses, Repairs and Maintenance and Actuarial Losses.

Cash Flow Statement

The Cash Flow Statement is presented on a comparable basis.

	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS	AND WASTER	UL EXPENDITURE	1	2015 R	2014 R
39.1	Unauthorised expenditure					
	Reconciliation of unauthorised expenditure:					
	Opening balance				-	139 82
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - c	apital			108 740	-
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - o	perating			-	-
	Written off by council					(139 82
	Unauthorised expenditure awaiting author	isation			108 740	-
	Incident	Disciplinar	y steps/criminal pr	oceedings		
	Over expenditure on votes	None				
			2015	2015	2015	2015
			R	R	R	R
	<u>Unauthorised expenditure current year - op</u>	erating	(Actual)	(Budget)	(Variance)	(Unauthorise
	Municipal Manager		10 756 874	11 372 998	(616 124)	
	Management Services		24 412 739	25 039 592	(626 853)	
	Community & Technical Services		94 859 308	99 757 965	(4 898 657)	
			130 028 921	136 170 555	(6 141 634)	
	Unauthorised expenditure current year - ca	<u>pital</u>	2015	2015	2015	2015
			R (Actual)	R (Budget)	R (Variance)	R (Unauthorise
	Municipal Manager		56 114	59 000	(2 886)	·
	Management Services		335 275	287 000	(2 000) 48 275	48 2
	Community & Technical Services		1 353 511	1 293 046	60 465	60 40
			1 744 899	1 639 046	105 853	108 74
20.0	Funitiese and meeteful summarians					
39.2	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure					
	Reconciliation of fruitless and wasteful expend	liture:			00.1	
	Opening balance Fruitless and wasteful expenditure current	vear			291	2
	Written off by council				(291)	_
	Fruitless and wasteful expenditure awaitin	g further action			-	2
	Incident	Disciplinar	y steps/criminal pr	oceedings		
	Interest charged by SARS on the late paymen	t None				
	of October 2013 VAT return .				-	29

39	UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AI	ND WASTEFUL EXPENDITURE (CONTINUED)	2015 R	2014 R
39.3	Irregular expenditure			
	Reconciliation of irregular expenditure:			
	Opening balance		77 128 847	2 988 016
	Irregular expenditure identified in the current	vear	29 253 852	77 659 005
	Written off by council	Jour	(77 128 847)	(2 936 396)
	Written off by council		(29 098 983)	(581 777)
	Irregular expenditure awaiting further action		154 869	77 128 847
	Incident	Disciplinary steps/criminal proceedings		
	The municipal accounts of two suppliers			
	were not inspected before the tenders			
	were awarded.	None	-	74 509
	The decleration of interest documents of			
	four winning bidders were not submitted.	None	-	107 523
	The municipal accounts of one supplier			
	were not inspected and the decleration of			
	interest not submitted.	None	-	37 620
	Irregular expenditure identified during			
	investigating the full population of awards			
	(declarations not submitted and municipal			
	accounts not obtained).	None	29 086 542	76 808 244
	A director of one supplier is in the service			
	of the state.	None	12 441	49 331
	Three quotations not obtained.	None	-	322 555
	Business with people in service of the state.	None	-	253 718
	Payment in advance.	None	-	5 504
	Shortage of diesel due to unaccurate accounting			
	for mobile dieselcars issues.	None	154 869	-
			29 253 852	77 659 005

The municipality did not treat the accounting for cellular phones and tablets (leased contracts) correctly for the period ending 30 June 2015 as per GRAP standards 13 and 17.

39.4 Other Non-Compliance

The municipality did not adhere to the provisions of section 165(2)(b) of the MFMA that requires an adequately resourced internal audit unit that executes its plan in an effective and timely manner due to financial constrains.

40 ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT

40.1 Contributions to organised local government - [MFMA 125 (1)(b)] - SALGA CONTRIBUTIONS

	Opening balance Council subscriptions Amount paid - current year	35 531 671 262 (706 793)	- 480 168 (444 637)
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)		35 531
40.2	Audit fees - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Current year audit fee	2 355 862	2 187 235
	External Audit - Auditor-General	2 355 862	2 187 235
	Amount paid - current year	(2 355 862)	(2 187 235)
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)	-	-

		2015 R	2014 R
40	ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES IN TERMS OF MUNICIPAL FINANCE MANAGEMENT ACT (CONTINU	JED)	
40.3	<u>VAT - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]</u>		
	Opening balance	(147 384)	(137 776)
	Amounts received - current year Amounts claimed - current year	550 642 (638 494)	515 682 (525 290)
	Closing balance - Receivable	(235 236)	(147 384)
	Vat in suspense due to cash basis of accounting Input VAT	(66 643)	(51 868)
			. ,
	Receivable	(301 879)	(199 251)
	VAT is payable/receivable on the cash basis. VAT is only paid over to SARS once cash is received from debtors and only claimed from SARS once payment is made to creditors.		
40.4	PAYE, SDL and UIF - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions	9 419 080	8 241 434
	Amount paid - current year	(9 419 080)	(8 241 434)
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)		-
40.5	Pension and Medical Aid Deductions - [MFMA 125 (1)(c)]		
	Current year payroll deductions and Council Contributions	18 511 696	16 978 678
	Amount paid - current year	(18 511 696)	(16 978 678)
	Balance unpaid (included in creditors)		-
40.6	Quotations awarded - Supply Chain Management		
	Deviations from the Supply Chain Management Regulations were identified on the following		
	Deviations per type		
	- 3 Quotes not obtained	710 584	1 360 624
		710 584	1 360 624
	Deviations per financial category		
	- Between R 0 and R 2 000	10 570 215 926	3 227 408 626
	- Between R 2 000 and R 10 000 - Between R 10 000 and R 30 000	344 664	408 626 441 300
	- Between R 30 000 and R 200 000	139 424	507 470
	- Above R 200 000	-	-
		710 584	1 360 624

41 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The activities of the municipality expose it to a variety of financial risks, including market risk (comprising fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The municipality's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the municipality's financial performance.

(a) Foreign Exchange Currency Risk

The municipality does not engage in foreign currency transactions.

41 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Price risk

The municipality is not exposed to price risk.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

As the municipality has significant interest-bearing liabilities, the entity's income and operating cash flows are substantially dependent on changes in market interest rates.

The municipality analyses its potential exposure to interest rate changes on a continuous basis. Different scenarios are simulated which include refinancing, renewal of current positions, alternative financing and hedging. Based on these scenarios, the entity calculates the impact that a change in interest rates will have on the surplus/deficit for the year. These scenarios are only simulated for liabilities which constitute the majority of interest bearing liabilities.

The municipality did not hedge against any interest rate risks during the current year.

The potential impact on the entity's surplus/deficit for the year due to changes in interest rates were as follows:

1% (2014 - 1%) Increase in interest rates	(55 572)	46 051
0% (2014 - 0%) Decrease in interest rates	-	-

2015

R

2014 R

Due to the fact that the South African economy is in an upward interest rate cycle, there are no expectation for a decrease in interest rates on 30 June 2015.

(d) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party to a financial or non-financial asset will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the municipality to incur a financial loss.

Credit risk consist mainly of cash deposits, cash equivalents, trade and other receivables and unpaid conditional grants and subsidies.

Trade and other debtors are disclosed net after provisions are made for impairment and bad debts. Trade debtors comprise of a large number of ratepayers, dispersed across different sectors and geographical areas. On going credit evaluations are performed on the financial condition of these debtors. Credit risk pertaining to trade and other debtors is considered to be moderate due the diversified nature of debtors and immaterial nature of individual balances. In the case of consumer debtors the municipality effectively has the right to terminate services to customers but in practice this is difficult to apply. In the case of debtors whose accounts become in arrears, Council endeavours to collect such accounts by "levying of penalty charges", "demand for payment", "restriction of services" and, as a last resort, "handed over for collection", whichever procedure is applicable in terms of Council's Credit Control and Debt

The entity only deposits cash with major banks with high quality credit standing. The banks utilised by the municipality are all listed on the JSE. The credit quality of these institutions are evaluated based on their required SENS releases as well as other media reports. Based on all public communications, the financial sustainability is evaluated to be of high quality and the credit risk pertaining to these institutions are considered to be low.

No cash and cash equivalents were pledged as security for financial liabilities and no restrictions were placed on the use of any cash and cash equivalents for the period under review. Although the credit risk pertaining to cash and cash equivalents are considered to be low, the maximum exposures are disclosed below.

41 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The risk pertaining to receivables from National, Provincial and Local Government are considered to be very low and there are no expectations of counter party default.

Receivables are individually evaluated annually at Balance Sheet date for impairment.

2015	2014
R	R
05 750 070	
	28 934 004
1 477 019	1 610 441
14 359 250	14 709 550
51 592 347	45 253 994
	R 35 756 078 1 477 019 14 359 250

(e) Liquidity Risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under credit lines.

The entity's risk to liquidity is a result of the funds available to cover future commitments. The entity manages liquidity risk through an ongoing review of future commitments and credit facilities.

The table below analyses the entity's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the financial year end to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

2015	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
Long Term liabilities	902 577	791 943	-	-
Capital repayments Interest	813 772 88 805	666 125 125 819	-	-
Provisions Landfill Sites	-	-	-	200 883 017
Capital repayments Interest		-	-	18 431 649 182 451 368
Payables from exchange transactions Unspent conditional government grants and receipts	1 945 689 4 250 961	-	-	-
	7 099 227	791 943		200 883 017

41 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	Between 5 and 10 years	Over 10 Years
2014				
Long Term liabilities	928 886	1 583 989	108 436	-
Capital repayments Interest	782 765 146 121	1 375 485 208 504	103 505 4 931	-
Provisions Landfill Sites	-	-	-	87 536 022
Capital repayments Interest	-	-	- -	7 838 715 79 697 307
Payables from exchange transactions Unspent conditional government grants and receipts	1 937 017 8 264 401	-	-	-
	11 130 304	1 583 989	108 436	87 536 022
INANCIAL INSTRUMENTS			2015 R	2014 R

42 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments of the municipality are classified as follows:

The fair value of financial instruments approximates the amortised costs as reflected bellow.

28 546 412 1 610 441
7 693 030
7 012 571 3 950
44 866 403
44 866 403
44 866 403

			2015	2014
42	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)		R	R
42.2	Financial Liability	<u>Classification</u>		
	Long-term Liabilities			
	Annuity Loans	Financial instruments at amortised cost	633 620	779 945
	Capitalised Lease Liability	Financial instruments at amortised cost	32 505	699 045
	Payables from exchange transactions			
	Trade Creditors	Financial instruments at amortised cost	725 501	741 789
	Retentions and Guarantees	Financial instruments at amortised cost	1 039 740	1 039 740
	Sundry Deposits	Financial instruments at amortised cost	31 335	30 735
	Other	Financial instruments at amortised cost	149 113	124 753
	Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities			
	Annuity Loans	Financial instruments at amortised cost	146 325	455 287
	Capitalised Lease Liability	Financial instruments at amortised cost	667 448	327 478
			3 425 586	4 198 772
	SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL LIABILITY			
	Financial instruments at amortised cost		3 425 586	4 198 772

43 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The municipality has no events after reporting date during the financial year ended 2014/2015.

44 IN-KIND DONATIONS AND ASSISTANCE

The municipality did not receive any in-kind donations or assistance during the year under review.

45 PRIVATE PUBLIC PARTNERSHIPS

Council has not entered into any private public partnerships during the financial year.

46 CONTINGENT LIABILITY

During the previous financial year the former Municipal Manager lodged a claim against the municipality for the payment of accrued leave. A full and final settlement between the former Municipal Manager and the Council were concluded during June 2015. An amount of R 50 000 was paid.

On 22 October 2014 a settlement agreement between the municipality and IMATU that the target date for implementation of job descriptions and review of organisational structures would be 1 April 2015. In the event of delays the final date for implementation would be 1 May 2015. At year end the abovementioned was not yet finalised.

70 918

-

47 RELATED PARTIES

Key Management and Councillors receive and pay for services on the same terms and conditions as other ratepayers / residents.

All charges are in accordance with approved tariffs that were advertised to the public. No bad debt expenses have been recognised in respect of amounts owed by related parties.

47.1 Related Party Loans

Since 1 July 2004 loans to councillors and senior management employees are not permitted.

47.2 Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation of key management personnel is set out in note 23 to the Annual Financial Statements.

47.3 Other related party transactions

The following purchases were made during the year where Councillors or staff have an interest:

None

45 GOING CONCERN ASSUMPTION

The definition of a going concern is that there is no reason to believe that an institution will have to close down or be liquidated within 12 months after the reporting date. The financial statements for this municipality have been prepared, as indicated in the accounting policy, on a going concern assumption as allocations of equitable share have been promulgated in the Division of Revenue Act for the three financial years following after the reporting date.

The financial results however may indicate that the going concern assumption of this municipality may be in serious doubt. The amounts promulgated in the DORA have a serious impact on the level of services that this municipality can render and it may well raise doubt about the future financial sustainability of this municipality and may cause serious health and other risks regarding service delivery to the communities within the jurisdiction of this municipality.

APPENDIX A OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SCHEDULE OF EXTERNAL LOANS AS AT 30 JUNE 2015

EXTERNAL LOANS	Rate	Loan Number	Redeemable	Balance at 30 JUNE 2014	Received during the period	Redeemed or written off during the period	Balance at 30 JUNE 2015
ANNUITY LOANS							
INCA INCA	9.30% 9.45%		31/12/2014 31/12/2019	321 701 913 531	-	321 701 133 586	- 779 945
Total Annuity Loans				1 235 231	-	455 287	779 945
LEASE LIABILITY							
Vehicles and Equipment				1 026 524	-	326 572	699 952
Total Lease Liabilities				1 026 524	-	326 572	699 952
TOTAL EXTERNAL LOANS				2 261 755	-	781 858	1 479 897

APPENDIX B OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 MUNICIPAL VOTES CLASSIFICATION

2014	2014	2014		2015	2015	2015
Actual	Actual	Surplus/		Actual	Actual	Surplus/
Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)		Income	Expenditure	(Deficit)
R	R	R		R	R	R
		i v			i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
4 603 146	(9 062 039)	(4 458 893)	Council Expenditure	4 800 951	(6 385 992)	(1 585 040)
-	(2 119 043)	(2 119 043)		-	(2 457 292)	(2 457 292)
-	-	-	Donations	-	(5 000)	、 (5 000)
-	(1 066 394)	(1 066 394)	Management Support	-	(1 119 571)	(1 119 571)
-	(874 297)	(874 297)	Record Management	-	(881 028)	(881 028)
-	(2 885 278)	(2 885 278)	Administration	-	(3 043 058)	(3 043 058)
-	(834 891)	(834 891)	Audit	-	(789 020)	(789 020)
-	(1 226 845)	(1 226 845)	Human Resources	-	(1 106 465)	(1 106 465)
-	(1 916 581)	(1 916 581)	Supply Chain Management	-	(2 044 536)	(2 044 536)
-	(3 663 274)	(3 663 274)	Finance Inc Exp & It	-	(3 729 592)	(3 729 592)
-	(486 675)	(486 675)	Performance Management	-	(493 889)	(493 889)
16 302	(696 103)	(679 802)	Buildings	17 409	(749 251)	(731 842)
2 147 878	(5 746 279)	(3 598 401)	Financial Services	2 261 842	(6 500 873)	(4 239 031)
-	(967 519)	(967 519)	Planning Services	-	(1 125 164)	(1 125 164)
48 945 113	(2 238 283)	46 706 830	Grants Ex Nat Government	52 635 327	(2 176 137)	50 459 190
865 234	(561 849)	303 385	Grants Ex Prov Government	1 187 748	(1 163 183)	24 565
-	-	-	Tourism	25 000	(24 230)	770
1 250 000	(1 250 000)	-	Fin Man Grant	1 250 000	(1 250 000)	-
123 084	(11 957 072)	(11 833 987)	5	131 049	(17 007 634)	(16 876 585)
-	(357 246)	(357 246)	Disaster Management	-	(368 925)	(368 925)
44 053	(10 107 688)	(10 063 636)	Municipal Health	82 209	(9 738 118)	(9 655 909)
1 142	-	1 142	Velapi Hostel	-	-	-
-	(1 193 023)	(1 193 023)	Environmental Management	-	(1 409 157)	(1 409 157)
-	(29 779)	(29 779)	Engineering Services	-	(34 419)	(34 419)
11 255	(1 474 732)	(1 463 476)	Karwyderskraal	7 165 940	(1 855 921)	5 310 019
643 121	(1 709 306)	(1 066 185)	Dennehof	577 259	(1 574 754)	(997 495)
2 308 081	(1 760 673)	547 409	Die Dam	2 539 414	(2 139 574)	399 840
8 489 371	(7 057 793)	1 431 578	Uilenkraalsmond	9 084 637	(7 780 569)	1 304 069
41 933	-	41 933	Outspans & Public Places	44 642	-	44 642
114 655	(114 655)	-	Comprehensive Health	125 333	(125 333)	-
51 191 261	(51 191 261)	-	Roads - Main & Divisional	52 950 237	(52 950 237)	-
120 795 630	(122 548 578)	(1 752 948)	Total	134 878 998	(130 028 921)	4 850 077

APPENDIX C OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY SEGMENTAL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 GENERAL FINANCE STATISTIC CLASSIFICATIONS

2014 Actual Income R	2014 Actual Expenditure R	2014 Surplus/ (Deficit) R		2015 Actual Income R	2015 Actual Expenditure R	2015 Surplus/ (Deficit) R
54 413 493 16 302 3 397 878 114 655 123 084 11 482 507 45 195 11 255 51 191 261 120 795 630	(15 882 499) (6 169 199) (12 576 134) (997 298) (114 655) (12 314 318) (10 527 771) (11 300 711) (1 474 732) (51 191 261) (122 548 578)	(6 152 897) (9 178 256) (997 298) - (12 191 234) 954 735 (11 255 517) (1 463 476) -	Financial Services Planning & Development Health Public Safety Sport & Recreation Environmental Protection Waste Management Road Transport	58 624 026 42 409 3 511 842 125 333 131 049 12 245 952 82 209 7 165 940 52 950 237 134 878 998	(14 096 194) (6 297 920) (13 525 001) (1 159 583) (125 333) (17 376 558) (11 494 897) (11 147 275) (1 855 921) (52 950 237) (130 028 921)	(6 255 511) (10 013 159) (1 159 583) - (17 245 509) 751 055 (11 065 066) 5 310 019
120 / 95 030	(122 040 070)	(1752946)	IUlai	134 070 990	(130 028 921)	4 000 077

APPENDIX D OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY DISCLOSURES OF GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES IN TERMS OF SECTION 123 OF MFMA, 56 OF 2003

Grant Description	Balance 30 JUNE 2014	Correction of error	Balance 1 JULY 2014	Grants Received	Operating Expenditure during the year Transferred to Revenue	Capital Expenditure during the year Transferred to Revenue	Repayment of Grants	Balance 30 JUNE 2015
UNSPENT AND UNPAID GOVERNMENT GRANTS	S AND RECEIPTS R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
National Government Grants								
Equitable Share Local Government Financial Management Grant Municipal Systems Improvement Grant	-	- - (50 701)	- - (50 701)	50 397 000 1 250 000 934 000	50 397 000 1 250 000 883 299	- -	-	-
Total National Government Grants	-	(50 701)	(50 701)	52 581 000	52 530 299	-	-	-
Provincial Government Grants								
Coastal Management Programme SETA Training Fund Human Rights Programme	783 675 447 068 53 062	- -	783 675 447 068 53 062	۔ 145 498	268 420 236 838	-	- - 53 062	515 255 355 727
Tourism Projects	91 617	-	91 617	-	-	-	91 617	-
Karwyderskraal EPWP Grant	250 000	-	250 000	- 1 056 000	- 1 056 000	-	250 000	-
Road Subsidy Health Subsidy	6 062 518 -	(509 163) -	5 553 355 -	49 080 083 125 333	53 036 166 125 333	-	-	1 597 271 -
WC Financial Management Support Grant Greenest Municipality Competition	-	-	-	910 000 30 000	85 469 -	- 24 565	-	824 531 5 435
CDW Operational Support Grant Municipal Performance Management Grant	-	-	-	65 600 50 000		-	-	65 600 50 000
Municipal Capacity Building Grant Municipal Disaster Recovery Grant Implementation of Municipal Compliance Model	-	-	-	500 000 80 000 43 000	79 845 - -	- 62 190	-	420 155 17 810 43 000
Municipal Finance Improvement Programme Office Upgrading and Maintenance Risk Management	694 022 57 392 334 211	-	694 022 57 392 334 211	-	694 022 - 35 427		-	57 392 298 784
Total Provincial Government Grants	8 773 564	(509 163)	8 264 401	52 085 514	55 617 521	86 755	394 679	4 250 961
Total	8 773 564	(559 864)	8 213 700	104 666 514	108 147 819	86 755	394 679	4 250 961

APPENDIX E (1) - Unaudited OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (STANDARD CLASSIFICATION)

Description			20	14/15				2013/14	
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome	
Revenue - Standard									
Governance and administration	60 854	2 934	63 788	62 178	(1 610)	97.5%	102.2%	57 82	
Executive and council	5 723	(414)	5 308	4 801	(507)	90.4%	83.9%	4 60	
Budget and treasury office	55 114	3 348	58 462	57 335	(1 127)	98.1%	104.0%	53 20	
Corporate services	18	-	18	42	25	241.0%	241.0%	1	
Community and public safety	12 124	-	12 124	12 502	379	103.1%	103.1%	11 72	
Sport and recreation	11 913	-	11 913	12 246	333	102.8%	102.8%	11 48	
Public safety	86	-	86	131	46	153.3%	153.3%	12	
Health	125	-	125	125	0	100.4%	100.4%	11	
Economic and environmental services	40 943	16 072	57 015	53 032	(3 982)	93.0%	129.5%	51 23	
Road transport	40 921	16 072	56 993	52 950	(4 043)	92.9%	129.4%	51 1	
Environmental protection	22	-	22	82	60	373.7%	373.7%	4	
Trading services	-	503	503	7 166	6 663	1424.6%	0.0%		
Waste management	-	503	503	7 166	6 663	1424.6%	0.0%	1	
Total Revenue - Standard	113 921	19 509	133 430	134 879	1 449	101.1%	118.4%	120 79	
Expenditure - Standard									
Governance and administration	32 878	2 142	35 020	33 919	(1 101)	96.9%	103.2%	34 62	
Executive and council	15 257	1 862	17 119	14 096	(3 023)	82.3%	92.4%	15 88	
Budget and treasury office	10 727	161	10 888	13 525	2 637	124.2%	126.1%	12 5	
Corporate services	6 895	119	7 013	6 298	(715)	89.8%	91.3%	6 16	
Community and public safety	28 840	244	29 084	28 997	(87)	99.7%	100.5%	22 9	
Sport and recreation	10 693	174	10 867	11 495	627	105.8%	107.5%	10 5	
Public safety	18 022	70	18 092	17 377	(715)	96.0%	96.4%	12 3	
Health	125	-	125	125	0	100.4%	100.4%	1	
Economic and environmental services	54 999	16 270	71 269	65 257	(6 012)	91.6%	118.7%	63 4	
Planning and development	1 254	51	1 305	1 160	(146)	88.8%	92.5%	9	
Road transport	40 921	16 072	56 993	52 950	(4 043)	92.9%	129.4%	51 19	
Environmental protection	12 824	147	12 971	11 147	(1 824)	85.9%	86.9%	11 3	
Trading services	248	549	797	1 856	1 059	232.8%	747.3%	1 4	
Waste management	248	549	797	1 856	1 059	232.8%	747.3%	1 4	
Total Expenditure - Standard	116 966	19 205	136 171	130 029	(6 142)	95.5%	111.2%	122 54	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(3 045)	304	(2 741)	4 850	7 591	-177.0%	-159.3%	(1 7	

APPENDIX E (2) - Unaudited OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE (MUNICIPAL VOTE CLASSIFICATION)

Description	2014/15								
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome	
Revenue by Vote									
Municipal Manager	5 723	(414)	5 308	4 801	(507)	90.4%	83.9%	4 603	
Management Services	55 132	3 348	58 480	57 377	(1 102)	98.1%	104.1%	53 225	
Community and Technical Services	53 067	16 575	69 642	72 701	3 059	104.4%	137.0%	62 968	
Total Revenue by Vote	113 921	19 509	133 430	134 879	1 449	101.1%	118.4%	120 796	
Expenditure by Vote to be appropriated									
Municipal Manager	12 042	(669)	11 373	10 757	(616)	94.6%	89.3%	13 082	
Management Services	22 055	2 860	24 915	24 287	(627)	97.5%	110.1%	22 513	
Community and Technical Services	82 870	17 013	99 883	94 985	(4 898)	95.1%	114.6%	86 953	
Total Expenditure by Vote	116 966	19 205	136 171	130 029	(6 142)	95.5%	111.2%	122 549	
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(3 045)	304	(2 741)	4 850	7 591	-177.0%	-159.3%	(1 753	

APPENDIX E (3) - Unaudited OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

Description			20	14/15				2013/14
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome
Revenue By Source								
Service charges	648	-	648	658	10	101.5%	101.5%	64
Rental of facilities and equipment	11 162	-	11 162	11 498	336	103.0%	103.0%	10 71
Interest earned - external investments	500	500	1 000	1 678	678	167.8%	335.5%	1 29
Interest earned - outstanding debtors	4	-	4	4	0	103.5%	103.5%	
Licences and permits	49	-	49	116	67	237.6%	237.6%	7
Agency services	4 873	(262)	4 611	4 799	188	104.1%	98.5%	4 48
Transfers recognised - operational	95 423	10 627	106 050	108 235	2 185	102.1%	113.4%	102 30
Other revenue	412	546	958	7 891	6 932	823.3%	1914.7%	85
Gains on disposal of PPE	850	(153)	697	-	(697)	-	-	40
Total Revenue (excluding capital transfers and contributions)	113 921	11 259	125 180	134 879	9 699	1111.8%	118.4%	120 79
Expenditure By Type								
Employee related costs	63 417	(36)	63 381	76 721	13 340	121.0%	121.0%	68 21
Remuneration of councillors	5 036	42	5 078	4 996	(82)	98.4%	99.2%	5 14
Debt impairment	-	-	-	75	75	0.0%	0.0%	33
Depreciation & asset impairment	1 997	(45)	1 952	2 349	397	120.4%	117.6%	2 14
Finance charges	141	5	145	5 950	5 804	4092.4%	4233.4%	5 15
Contracted services	-	503	503	538	35	106.9%	0.0%	12
Transfers and grants	-	150	150	5	(145)	3.3%	0.0%	-
Other expenditure	46 376	10 335	56 711	39 114	(17 596)	69.0%	84.3%	40 92
Loss on disposal of PPE	-	-	-	281	281	0.0%	0.0%	51
Total Expenditure	116 966	10 955	127 921	130 029	2 108	1167.7%	111.2%	122 54
Surplus/(Deficit) for the year	(3 045)	304	(2 741)	4 850	7 591	-177.0%	-159.3%	(1 75

APPENDIX E (4) - Unaudited OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE BY VOTE, STANDARD CLASSIFICATION AND FUNDING

Description		2014/15								
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome		
Capital expenditure - Vote										
Single-year expenditure										
Municipal Manager	20	39	59	56	(3)	95.1%	280.6%	21		
Management Services	150	137	287	335	48	116.8%	223.5%	825		
Community and Technical Services	1 287	6	1 293	1 354	60	104.7%	105.2%	1 789		
Capital single-year expenditure	1 457	182	1 639	1 745	106	106%	120%	2 635		
Total Capital Expenditure - Vote	1 457	182	1 639	1 745	106	106%	120%	2 635		
Capital Expenditure - Standard					-	-	-			
Governance and administration	170	176	346	391	45	113.1%	230.2%	846		
Executive and council	20	39	59	56	(3)	95.1%	280.6%	21		
Budget and treasury office	115	81	196	199	3	101.7%	173.2%	226		
Corporate services	35	56	91	136	45	149.5%	388.7%	599		
Community and public safety	1 256	1	1 257	1 295	38	103.0%	103.1%	1 309		
Sport and recreation	60	1	61	84	23	138.2%	140.5%	542		
Public safety	1 196	-	1 196	1 211	15	101.2%	101.2%	767		
Economic and environmental services	31	5	36	58	22	162.0%	188.1%	480		
Road transport	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	31		
Environmental protection	31	5	36	58	22	162.0%	188.1%	448		
Total Capital Expenditure - Standard	1 457	182	1 639	1 745	106	106%	120%	2 635		
Funded by:										
Borrowing	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51		
Internally generated funds	1 457	182	1 639	1 745	106	106.5%	119.8%	2 119		
Total Capital Funding	1 457	182	1 639	1 745	106	106%	120%	2 635		

APPENDIX E (5) - Unaudited OVERBERG DISTRICT MUNICIPALITY NATIONAL TREASURY APPROPRIATION STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015 CASH FLOWS

Description	2014/15								
R thousand	Original Budget	Budget Adjustments (i.t.o. MFMA s28)	Final adjustments budget	Actual Outcome	Variance of Actual Outcome against Adjustments Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Final Budget	Actual Outcome as % of Original Budget	Restated Audited Outcome	
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES									
Receipts									
Ratepayers and other	17 144	985	18 129	17 485	(644)	96.4%	102.0%	16 163	
Government - operating	94 963	10 977	105 940	104 667	(1 273)	98.8%	110.2%	99 574	
Interest	504	496	1 000	1 717	717	171.7%	340.6%	1 295	
Payments									
Suppliers and employees	(111 429)	(9 876)	(121 304)	(121 537)	(233)	100.2%	109.1%	(113 563)	
Finance charges	(141)	(5)	(145)	(150)	(4)	103.1%	106.6%	(233)	
Transfers and Grants	-	(150)	(150)	(5)	145	3.3%	0.0%	-	
NET CASH FROM/(USED) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	1 042	2 427	3 469	2 176	(1 292)	62.7%	208.9%	3 237	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Receipts Proceeds on disposal of PPE Payments Capital assets	850 (767)	(153) (872)	697 (1 639)	- (1 745)	(2 585) - (106)	- 106.5%	- 227.5%	2 132 (2 119)	
NET CASH FROM/(USED) INVESTING	(101)	(072)	(1035)	(1743)	(100)	100.376	ZZ1.J/0	(2.113)	
ACTIVITIES	83	(1 025)	(942)	(1 745)	(803)	185.3%	-2102.3%	12	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Receipts Increase (decrease) in consumer deposits Payments	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	(6)	
Repayment of borrowing	(786)	(45)	(831)	(782)	49	94.1%	99.5%	(1 021)	
NET CASH FROM/(USED) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(786)	(45)	(831)	(782)	49	94.1%	99.5%	(1 027)	
NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	339	1 358	1 697	(350)	(2 047)	-20.6%	-103.3%	2 222	
Cash/cash equivalents at the year begin:	3 270	(412)	2 858	14 710	11 851	514.6%	449.8%	12 487	
Cash/cash equivalents at the year end:	3 609	946	4 555	14 359	9 853	315.2%	397.9%	14 710	